# SEARCH REQUEST FORM

# Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name:  Art Unit: 1752 Phone N Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location	Sin J. Lee Jumber 38 7-1333 1: <u>Rem. 9068</u> Res	Examiner # : 760 b Serial Number: ults Format Preferred (circ	Date: 6-1-05 10/679,367 Ste): PAPER DISK E-MAIL
If more than one search is subm	itted, please prioriti	ze searches in order of	need.
Please provide a detailed statement of the Include the elected species or structures, k utility of the invention. Define any terms known. Please attach a copy of the cover s	search topic, and describe eywords, synonyms, acro that may have a special rr theet, pertinent claims, an	as specifically as possible the nyms, and registry numbers, an leaning. Give examples or rele d abstract.	subject matter to be searched. nd combine with the concept or vant citations, authors, etc, if
Title of Invention: Bib	attached	·	
Inventors (please provide full names): _			CIENTI IC NEFERENCE DA
			Sci P rech Int · Cnt
Earliest Priority Filing Date:			JUN 2 RECU
*For Sequence Searches Only* Please includ appropriate serial number.	le all pertinent information	(parent, child, divisional, or issue	ed pater PRANGETS NA CONTRACTOR the
Please Sear	in Gr th	e compound (1	>
	in claim #	i as well a	is in Claim #7
(Menae	Parate do	met the scench	way hits)
STAFF USE ONLY Searcher: Tullin	Type of Search  NA Sequence (#)	Vendors and cost	• •
Searcher Phone #:	AA Sequence (#)		
Searcher Location:	Structure (#)	Questel/Orbit	
Date Searcher Picked Up:	Bibliographic	Dr.Link	
Date Completed: 6/14/05	Litigation	Lexis/Nexis	
Searcher Prep & Review Time:	Fulltext	Sequence Systems	•
Clerical Prep Time:	Patent Family	WWW/Internet	
Online Time:	Other	Other (specify)	• .

PTO-1590 (8-01)

#### => FILE REG

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:06:18 ON 14 JUN 2005
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 13 JUN 2005 HIGHEST RN 852200-37-4 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 13 JUN 2005 HIGHEST RN 852200-37-4

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TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 18, 2005

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Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

### => FILE HCAPLUS

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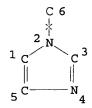
FILE COVERS 1907 - 14 Jun 2005 VOL 142 ISS 25 FILE LAST UPDATED: 13 Jun 2005 (20050613/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> D QUE

STR L7



348,486 structures from this query

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

NSPEC IS RC AΤ DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

**GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:** 

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

T-2.0 SCR 1993 AND 150 L22 SCR 1605 OR 1607 348486 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L7 AND L20 AND L22 L24 348486 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L24 OR L24 L26 L27 198487 SEA FILE=REGISTRY RAN=(,2.69718-01-6) ABB=ON L24 OR L24 L28 149999 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L26 NOT L27 L29 110641 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L27 8704 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L30 L28 734 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (L29 OR L30) (L) MOA/RL L31 L34 10 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L31(L)?RESIST?(L)(RADIAT? OR PHOTO? OR UV OR IR OR ULTRA? OR INFRA?) 20 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L31 AND ?RESIST? (5A) (RADIAT? OR L35 PHOTO? OR UV OR IR OR ULTRA? OR INFRA?) 352 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (L29 OR L30) AND ?RESIST? (5A) (RADIAT? L37 OR PHOTO? OR UV OR IR OR ULTRA? OR INFRA?) 42 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (L29 OR L30)(L)PREP/RL AND ?RESIST?(5A L38 ) (RADIAT? OR PHOTO? OR UV OR IR OR ULTRA? OR INFRA?) 58 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L34 OR L35 OR L38 L39 43 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L39 AND PHOTOG?/SC,SX L40 3 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L37 AND ALKALI? (3A) (CONTROL? OR L44 REGULAT?) 44CA references with utility 44 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L40 OR L44 L45

## => D L45 BIB ABS HITIND HITSTR 1-44

ANSWER 1 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

2005:429276 HCAPLUS AN

Nitrogen-containing organic compound, resist composition and patterning TΙ

Watanabe, Takeru; Kinsho, Takeshi; Hasegawa, Koji; Takemura, Katsuya; TN Noda, Kazumi; Kobayashi, Katsuhiro

PA Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 31 pp. SO CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LΑ English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.

DATE

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LEE 10/679367
                  6/14/05
                            Page 3
     US 2005106500
                                  20050519
                                               US 2004/984933
                                                                        2004 1110
PΙ
                            A1
                                  2003(11)14
PRAI JP 2003-384505
                           Α
     Chemical amplified resist compns. comprising/nitrogen-containing organic
compds.
     having an aromatic carboxylic acid ester structure have an excellent resolution
     and provide a precise pattern profile and/are useful in microfabrication
     using electron beams or deep-UV light.
IC
     ICM G03C001-492
INCL 430270100
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
CC
     Other Reprographic Processes)
IT
     Photolithography
       Photoresists
        (nitrogen-containing organic compound, resist composition and patterning
        process)
                                   79690-87-2P
IT
                                                  192817-77-9P, Ethyl
     22495-17-6P
                    47750-79-8P
                                    497057-34-8P
                                                    851705-95-8P 851705-97-0P
     2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)benzoate
                                     /851706-01-9P
                                                     851706-02-0P
                                                                     851706-03-1P
     851705-99-2P
                     851706-00-8P
     851706-04-2P
                     851706-05-3P
                                     851706-06-4P
                                                     851706-07-5P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (nitrogen-containing or ganic compound, resist composition and patterning
process)
IT
     851706-04-2P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (nitrogen-containing organic compound, resist composition and patterning
process)
     851706-04-2 HCAPLUS
RN
     2-Naphthalenecarbox/lic acid, 2-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)ethyl ester (9CI)
CN
     INDEX NAME)
     ANSWER 2 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
T.45
     2005:239250 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     142:325829
     Silver halide color photographic sensitive material showing excellent
TI
     processing stability and pressure resistance
IN
     Arai, Kenji
     Konica Photo Imaging Corporation, Japan
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 62 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
                                  DATE
                                               APPLICATION NO.
                                                                        DATE
     PATENT NO.
                          KIND
                           ----
                                  20050317
                                                                        20030828
PT
     WO 2005024513
                           A1
                                               WO 2003-JP10991
         W: BR, CN, ID, IN, JP, KR, MX, PH, PL, RU, SG, US, VN
RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR
```

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC 1700 REMSON 4B28 571/272-2505

PRAI WO 2003-JP10991

20030828

AB The invention relates to a silver halide color photog. sensitive material that excels in processing stability and has been improved with respect to pressure resistance. In particular, a silver halide color photog. sensitive material comprising a support and, superimposed on one side thereof, a red-sensitive layer unit, a green-sensitive layer unit and a blue-sensitive layer unit, each of the units composed of two or more layers whose sensitivities are different from each other, and further a non-sensitive layer, characterized in that the ratio of amount of silver / mass of gelatin with respect to the layer of the highest sensitivity of the blue-sensitive layer unit is 0.50 or below, and that the thickness of dry blue-sensitive layer unit is ≤3.4 μm.

IC ICM G03C001-74

ICS G03C007-00; G03C007-36

CC 74-2 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and **Photographic** and Other Reprographic Processes)

IT 111285-72-4 330575-06-9 **591227-72-4** 753026-96-9 848073-81-4

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
(yellow coupler; silver halide color photog. sensitive
material showing excellent processing stability and pressure
resistance)

IT 591227-72-4

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
(yellow coupler; silver halide color photog. sensitive
material showing excellent processing stability and pressure
resistance)

RN 591227-72-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole-4,5-dicarboxylic acid, 1-[2-[[2-methoxy-5-[(2-methylbutoxy)carbonyl]phenyl]amino]-1-(2-octadecyl-1,1-dioxido-2H-1,2,4-benzothiadiazin-3-yl)-2-oxoethyl]-, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MeO 
$$C-O-CH_2-CH-Et$$

NH  $C-OMe$ 
 $C-O-CH_2-CH-Et$ 

O  $C-O-CH_2-CH-Et$ 

RE.CNT 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L45 ANSWER 3 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2005:239249 HCAPLUS

DN 142:325828

TI Silver halide color photographic sensitive material showing improved sensitivity and image quality

LEE 10/679367 6/14/05 Page 5 IN Sekiya, Tadanobu PA Konica Photo Imaging Corporation, Japan SO PCT Int. Appl., 66 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DT Patent Japanese LA FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. ----PΙ WO 2005024512 A1 20050317 WO 2003-JP10988 W: BR, CN, ID, IN, JP, KR, MX, PH, PL, RU, SG, US, VN RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR PRAI WO 2003-JP10988 20030828 The invention relates to a silver halide color photog. sensitive material that is highly sensitive, realizing high image quality, and excels in resistances to natural radiation and hazardous gas. In particular, a silver halide color photog. sensitive material comprising a support and, superimposed thereon, at least one red-sensitive layer, green-sensitive layer, blue-sensitive layer and non-sensitive layer, characterized in that the ratio (Ag/S) of total amount of coating silver (Ag) (g/m2) to ISO photog. speed (S) is in the range of 0.005-0.01, and

- 0.18-0.20. IC ICM G03C001-74 ICS G03C007-36
- CC 74-2 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
- IT 111285-72-4 330575-06-9 **591227-72-4** 753026-95-8 848073-81-4
  - RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (yellow coupler; silver halide color photog. sensitive material showing improved sensitivity and image quality)

that the ratio (hdB/hdT) of thickness of dry blue-sensitive layer (hdB) to total thickness of dry film excluding the support (hdT) is in the range of

DATE

20030828

- IT591227-72-4 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (yellow coupler; silver halide color photog. sensitive material showing improved sensitivity and image quality)
- RN591227-72-4 HCAPLUS
- 1H-Imidazole-4,5-dicarboxylic acid, 1-[2-[[2-methoxy-5-[(2-CNmethylbutoxy)carbonyl]phenyl]amino]-1-(2-octadecyl-1,1-dioxido-2H-1,2,4benzothiadiazin-3-yl)-2-oxoethyl]-, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L45 ANSWER 4 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2004:1125476 HCAPLUS

DN 142:65319

TI Acid generators and positively or negatively working radiation-sensitive resin compositions containing the same

IN Ibata, Satoshi; Nagai, Tomoki; O, Isamu

PA JSR Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 63 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPZICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	JP 2004359590	A2	20041224	ØP 2003-158808	20030604
PRAI	JP 2003-158808		20030604		
os	MARPAT 142:65319		. /		

GI

The acid generators comprise compds. having the structure of SO2(CF2)nSO2 (n = 2-10 integer), preferably, disulfonic acid onium salts SO3-(CF2)nSO3-2M+ (n = 2-10 integer; M+ = monovalent onium cation). Preferably, M+ comprises sulfonium cations R1R2R3S+ or iodonium cations R4R5I+ (R1-R5 = C1-10 alkyl, C6-18 aryl; ≥1 of R1-R3 may be bonded together and form ring with S; R4 and R5 may be bonded together and form ring with I). Acid generators comprising N,N'-di(sulfonyloximides) I (n = 2-10 integer;

IC

ST

IΤ

IT

TT

TΤ

IT

IT

IT

IT

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R6, R7 = H, monovalent organic group; R6 and R7 bonding to the same imide
ring may be bonded together and form ring; Y1 = single bond, double bond, divalent organic group) are also claimed. The pos. working radiation-sensitive resin compns. contain (A) radiation-sensitive acid
generators involving any of the above-mentioned acid generators and (B)
resins which are insol. or slightly soluble in alkalis, bear acid-dissociable
groups, and become soluble in alkalis upon dissociation of the acid-dissociable
groups. The neg.-working radiation-sensitive resin compns. contain (A)
radiation-sensitive acid generators involving any of the above-mentioned
acid generators, (C) alkali-soluble resins, and (D) compds. capable of
crosslinking the alkali-soluble resins in the presence of acids. The acids
generated from the acid generators have sufficiently high acidity and
b.p., the diffusion length of the acids in resist films is appropriately
short, mask pattern dependency is small, and focus depth is excellent.
ICM C07C309-06
ICS C07C381-12; C07D207-46; C07D209-52; C07D221-14; C07D491-18;
     G03F007-004; G03F007-038; G03F007-039; H01L021-027
74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
Other Reprographic Processes)
disulfonic acid generator deep UV resist; pos
photoresist disulfonic acid generator; neg photoresist disulfonic acid
generator
Negative photoresists
Positive photoresists
   (deep UV; disulfonic acid generators for pos. or neg. working
   radiation-sensitive resist compns.)
Sulfonic acids, preparation
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation);
USES (Uses)
   (di-; disulfonic acid generators for pos. or neg. working
   radiation-sensitive resist compns.)
Onium compounds
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation);
USES (Uses)
   (disulfonic acid; disulfonic acid generators for pos. or neg. working
   radiation-sensitive resist compns.)
Resists
   (neg.-working radiation-sensitive; disulfonic acid generators
   for pos. or neg. working radiation-sensitive resist
   compns.)
Resists
   (pos.-working radiation-sensitive; disulfonic acid generators
   for pos. or neg. working radiation-sensitive resist
   compns.)
17464-88-9
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
   (crosslinking agent; disulfonic acid generators for pos. or neg.
   working radiation-sensitive resist compns.)
102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses 716-79-0, 2-Phenylbenzimidazole
1116-76-3, Tri-n-octylamine 1739-84-0, 1,2-Dimethylimidazole
193810-83-2, N-tert-Butoxycarbonyl-2-phenylbenzimidazole
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered
material use); USES (Uses)
   (diffusion controlling agent; disulfonic acid generators for pos. or
   neg. working radiation-sensitive resist compns.)
             138529-81-4, Bis(cyclohexylsulfonyl)diazomethane
133710-62-0
144317-44-2, Triphenylsulfonium nonafluoro-n-butanesulfonate
                                                                209482-18-8
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
   (disulfonic acid generators for pos. or neg. working radiation
   -sensitive resist compns.)
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LEE 10/679367 6/14/05 Page 8
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IT 809274-47-3P 809274-48-4P 809274-49-5P 809274-50-8P
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation);
 USES (Uses)

(disulfonic acid generators for pos. or neg. working radiation -sensitive resist compns.)

IT 109-92-2DP, Ethyl vinyl ether, reaction products with 4-tert-butoxystyrene-4-hydroxystyrene copolymer 95418-60-3DP, 4-tert-Butoxystyrene homopolymer, partially hydrolyzed 123589-22-0DP, 4-tert-Butoxystyrene-4hydroxystyrene copolymer, reaction products with Et vinyl ether 123589-22-0P, 4-tert-Butoxystyrene-4-hydroxystyrene copolymer 200808-68-0P, tert-Butyl acrylate-4-hydroxystyrene-styrene copolymer 221549-67-3DP, 4-Acetoxystyrene-tert-butyl acrylate-styrene copolymer, 288622-96-8P, 4-tert-Butoxystyrene-4-hydroxystyrene-styrene hvdrolvzed 340964-24-1P 340964-38-7P 406198-64-9DP, copolymer 4-Acetoxystyrene-4-tert-butoxystyrene-styrene copolymer, hydrolyzed 428516-13-6P 479628-09-6P 670248-60-9P 690258-42-5P 726175-42-4P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(disulfonic acid generators for pos. or neg. working radiation -sensitive resist compns.)

IT 24979-74-6, 4-Hydroxystyrene-styrene copolymer

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (disulfonic acid generators for pos. or neg. working radiation -sensitive resist compns.)

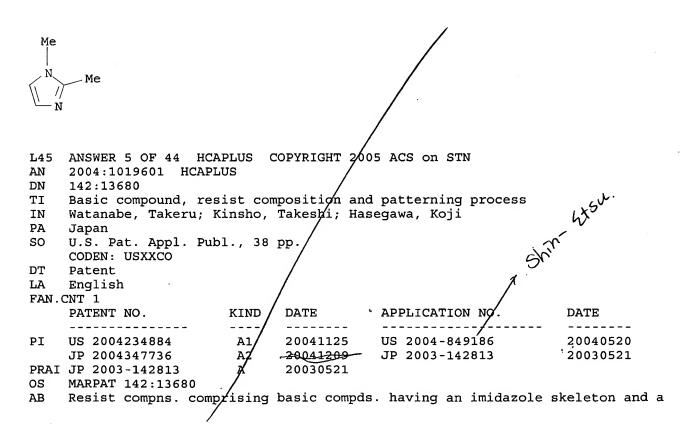
IT 1739-84-0, 1,2-Dimethylimidazole

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(diffusion controlling agent; disulfonic acid generators for pos. or neg. working radiation-sensitive resist compns.)

RN 1739-84-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 1,2-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



polar functional group have an excellent resolution and an excellent focus margin and are useful in microfabrication using electron beams or deep-UV light.

IC ICM G03C001-76

INCL 430141000; 430270100

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and **Photographic** and Other Reprographic Processes)

ST basic compd resist compn patterning UV electron beam lithog

IT 1615-14-1P, 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol 34793-28-7P 51755-51-2P 72338-57-9P 72338-63-7P, 1H-Imidazole-1-butanenitrile 72459-38-2P 195304-84-8P 798571-49-0P 798571-50-3P 798571-51-4P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(basic compound; resist composition and patterning process)

IT 351181-99-2P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (resist composition and patterning process)

IT 1615-14-1P, 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol 34793-28-7P
51755-51-2P 72338-57-9P 72338-63-7P,
1H-Imidazole-1-butanenitrile 72459-38-2P 195304-84-8P
798571-49-0P 798571-50-3P 798571-51-4P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(basic compound; resist composition and patterning process) RN 1615-14-1 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 34793-28-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1,2-Propanediol, 3-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 51755-51-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol, 2-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 72338-57-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole-1-butanoic acid, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 72338-63-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole-1-butanenitrile (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 72459-38-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 1-[(tetrahydro-2-furanyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 195304-84-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 1-[(2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$Me$$
 $O$ 
 $CH_2$ 
 $N$ 

RN 798571-49-0 HCAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, methoxy-, 2-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 798571-50-3 HCAPLUS

CN Carbonic acid, 2-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)ethyl methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} N & O \\ N & O \\ \parallel \\ CH_2-CH_2-O-C-OMe \end{array}$$

RN 798571-51-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 1-(1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$CH_2 - N$$

IT 351181-99-2P

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (resist composition and patterning process)

RN 351181-99-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 1-[2-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L45 ANSWER 6 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2004:842676 HCAPLUS

DN 141:358194

TI Pigment dispersion for color resist, photosensitive color composition, and color filter

IN Nakamura, Kazuhiko; Otsuka, Yoshimasa

PA Dainippon Printing Co., Ltd., Japan; The Inctec Inc.

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 66 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

CRN

167552-67-2

CMF C10 H15 N3 O

CM 2

CRN 2495-37-6 CMF C11 H12 O2

CM 3

CRN 106-91-2 CMF C7 H10 O3

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \circ & \circ & \operatorname{CH}_2 \\ & \parallel & \parallel \\ \operatorname{CH}_2 - \operatorname{O} - \operatorname{C} - \operatorname{C} - \operatorname{Me} \end{array}$$

CM

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2 -

$$\begin{array}{c} {\rm O} \\ || \\ {\rm HO-C-CH} \stackrel{\cdot}{==} {\rm CH_2} \end{array}$$

L45 ANSWER 7 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2004:837666 HCAPLUS

DN 141:340378

Pigment dispersions for colored resists, photosensitive colored compositions, and color filters from them with excellent surface smoothness, electric reliability, And color reproducibility

IN Nakamura, Kazuhiko; Otsuka, Yoshimasa

PA Dainippon Printing Co., Ltd., Japan; The Inctec Inc.

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 70 pp. so CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LΑ Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE \_ \_ \_ \_ JP 2003-124544 20030324 JP 2004287366 20/041014 A2 20030324 PRAI JP 2003-124544

The dispersions or compns. contain pigments (A), dispersants (B) of polymers consisting of unit CH2C(XN+RaRbRc)Rd.Y- [Ra-c = H, (un)substituted cyclic or linear hydrocarbyl; ≥2 of Ra-c may form ring; Rd = H, Me; X = diva/ent linking group; Y- = counter anion] and units CH2CRe(C:OORf) [Re = H, Me; Rf = (un) substituted cyclic or linear

alkyl, aryl, aralkyl] and bearing no ether chains or no acidic functional groups, copolymers (C) consisting of units bearing acidic functional groups, units bearing photocurable groups, and acidic group-free units with SP value  $\geq 10$ , and organic solvents (D).

IC ICM G03F007-004

ICS C08F290-12; C09B067-20; C09B067-46; G02B005-20; G02B005-22; G03F007-038

CC 74-4 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 38

IT 773145-21-4P **773145-23-6P** 773145-28-1P 773145-31-6P 773145-33-8P 773145-35-0P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(dispersing aid; pigment compns. containing certain copolymer dispersants and certain copolymer dispersing aids for color filters with good surface smoothness and elec. reliability)

IT 86927-55-1P 167552-67-2P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(monomer, for dispersing aid preparation; pigment compns. containing certain copolymer dispersants and certain copolymer dispersing aids for color filters with good surface smoothness and elec. reliability)

IT 773145-23-6P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(dispersing aid; pigment compns. containing certain copolymer dispersants and certain copolymer dispersing aids for color filters with good surface smoothness and elec. reliability)

RN 773145-23-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, phenylmethyl ester, polymer with N-[3-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)propyl]-2-methyl-2-propenamide and 2-propenoic acid, 2-hydroxy-3-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5919-74-4 CMF C7 H12 O4

CM 2

CRN 773145-22-5

CMF (C11 H12 O2 . C10 H15 N3 O . C3 H4 O2) $\times$ 

CCI PMS

CM 3

CRN 167552-67-2 CMF C10 H15 N3 O

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
N & O & CH_2 \\
 & || & || \\
 & (CH_2)_3 - NH - C - C - Me
\end{array}$$

CM 4

CRN 2495-37-6 CMF C11 H12 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{\rm H_2C} & {\rm O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ {\rm Me^-} & {\rm C^-} & {\rm C^-} & {\rm C^-} \\ {\rm C^-} & {\rm C^-} & {\rm Ph} \end{array}$$

CM 5

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

IT 167552-67-2P

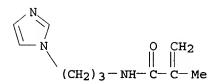
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(monomer, for dispersing aid preparation; pigment compns. containing certain copolymer dispersants and certain copolymer dispersing aids for color filters with good surface smoothness and elec. reliability)

RN 167552-67-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, N-[3-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)propyl]-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L45 ANSWER 8 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2004:550151 HCAPLUS

DN 141:114065

TI Imidazole derivative acid diffusion controlling agent and radiation sensitive resin composition using the same

IN Nagai, Tomoki; Yokoyama, Kenichi; Miyaji, Masaaki

PA JSR Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 41 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

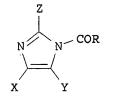
LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 2004191764 PRAI JP 2002-361047	A2	20040708	JP 2002-361047	20021212

MARPAT 141:114065

GI



Disclosed is the imidazole derivative aci/d diffusion controlling agent AB represented I (X, Y, Z = H, monovalent organic group; and R = hydrocarbon group). The radiation sensitive resin composition comprises the imidazole derivative acid diffusion controlling agent, a radiation sensitive acid generator, an alkali soluble resin, and a crosslinker. The radiation sensitive resin composition is used for a resist such as a UV photoresist, an x-ray resist, and ar electron beam resist. The use of the imidazole derivative acid diffusion controlling provided excellent resolution and storage stability.

IC ICM G03F007-004

ICS G03F007-038; G03F007-039; HØ1L021-027

74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and CC Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 28/

imidazole deriv acid diffused/controlling agent radiation sensitive resin; stresist photoresist x ray resist electron beam

IT 4122-53-6P

> RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (imidazole derivative acid diffusion controlling agent for radiation

sensitive resin composition)

IT 4122-53-6P

> RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(imidazole derivat #ve acid diffusion controlling agent for radiation sensitive resin composition)

4122-53-6 HCAPLUS RN

1H-Imidazole, 1-(2-Methyl-1-oxopropyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

```
1.45
      ANSWER 9 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
       2004:534427 HCAPLUS
DN
       141:96795
       Color filter black matrix resist composition and carbon black dispersion
ΤI
       composition used for the composition
IN
       Kamata, Hirotoshi; Kamijo, Masanao; Onishi, Mina
PA
       Showa Denko K. K., Japan
SO
       PCT Int. Appl., 69 pp.
       CODEN: PIXXD2
DΤ
       Patent
LA ·
      English
FAN.CNT 1
       PATENT NO.
                                  KIND
                                            DATE
                                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                              DATE
                                           20040701
PΙ
      WO 2004055597
                                   A1
                                                             WO 2003-JP16174
                                                                                              20031217
            W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
           W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YM, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, 2004198717
       JP 2004198717
                                         -200407<u>15</u> JP 2002-366878
                                                                                              20021218
                                    A2
PRAI JP 2002-366878
                                    Α
                                            20021218
                                            20021226
       US 2002-435997P
                                    P
       The present invention provides a carbon black dispersion composition for a
       color filter black matrix resist composition, containing (A) a carbon black
having
       specified phys. properties (average primary particle diameter, concentration
of surface
       carboxyl groups), (B) a copolymer having an amino group and/or its quaternary ammonium salt, and (C) an organic solvent, and a color filter
       black matrix resist; composition that contains the above-mentioned dispersion
       composition, (D) a binder resi/n having a carboxyl group, (E) an ethylenically
       unsatd. monomer, (F) a photopolymn. initiator, and (G) specified
      multifunctional thiol compound and can easily form a thin film or pattern
      having high light-shielding/property by photolithog. method pattern, has
       excellent storage stability, and exhibits sufficient sensitivity and
       resolution
       ICM G03F007-00
IC
       ICS G03F001-1335
CC
       74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
      Other Reprographic Processes)
       Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38
IT
      Optical filters
         Photolithography
```

(color filter black matrix **resist** composition and carbon black dispersion composition)

IT 590678-22-1P 645402-18-2P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(photopolymn. initiator; color filter black matrix

resist composition and carbon black dispersion composition containing)
645402-18-2P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(photopolymn. initiator; color filter black matrix

resist composition and carbon black dispersion composition containing)

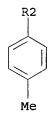
RN 645402-18-2 HCAPLUS

IT

CN 1H-Imidazole, 2-(2-chlorophenyl)-1-[2-(2-chlorophenyl)-4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-2H-imidazol-2-yl]-4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A



RE.CNT 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD · ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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LEE
     10/679367
                   6/14/05
                              Page 19
     ANSWER 10 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
L45
ΑN
      2004:534426 HCAPLUS
DN
      141:96711
ΤI
     Color filter black matrix resist composition
     Kamata, Hirotoshi; Kamijo, Masanao; Onishi, Mina
IN
PA
     Showa Denko K. K., Japan ·
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 64 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LΑ
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                            KIND
                                    DATE
                                                 APPLICATION NO.
                                                                            DATE
PI
     WO 2004055596
                                    20040701
                                                 WO 2003-JP16017
                                                                            20031215
                             A1
          W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW,
                                                                    ÆY, BZ, CA, CH,
              CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, KE, KG, KX, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM,
              PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK
                                                                SL, SY, TJ, TM,
         TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD,
     JP 2004198542
                                    20040715
                                                 JP 20/02-364274
                             A2
PRAI JP 2002-364274
                             Α
                                    20021216
     US 2002-435284P
                             Р
                                    20021223
     MARPAT 141:96711
     The present invention relates to (1) a photosensitive composition for color filter black matrix resists, containing (A) a binder resin having a carboxyl
AB
     group, (B) a compound having an ethylenically unsatd. bond, (C) a
     photopolymg. initiator, (D) a thiol compound having two or more mercapto-group-containing groups in which carbon atoms at the a-position
     and/or n-position with respect to #he mercapto group have a substituent,
     and (E) an organic solvent, and having high sensitivity and excellent storage
     stability; and (2) color filter black black matrix resist containing
     (1) the photosensitive composition for color filter black matrix resists and a black pigment (F).
IC
     ICM G03F007-00
     ICS G02F001-1335
CC
     74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
     Other Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38
IT
     Polymerization
         (photopolymn.; color/filter black matrix resist
         composition)
IT
     590678-00-5P
                      590678√06-1P
                                       590678-22-1P 645402-18-2P
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
      (Preparation); USES (Uses)
         (photopolymg. initiator; color filter black matrix
         resist composition containing)
IT
     645402-18-2P
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
      (Preparation); USES (Uses)
         (photopolymg. initiator; color filter black matrix
         resist composition containing)
RN
     645402-18-2 HCAPLUS
CN
     1H-Imidazole, 2-(2-chlorophenyl)-1-[2-(2-chlorophenyl)-4,5-bis(4-
     methylphenyl) -2H-imidazol-2-yl] -4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
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PAGE 1-A

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 5 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L45 ANSWER 11 OF 44 HCAPLUS

2004:354917 HCAPLUS AN

DN 140:357868

Hexaarylbiimidazole compounds and photopolymerization initiator TI compositions containing the same

IN Kamata, Hirotoshi; Mizo, Tatsuhiro; Onishi, Mina

PΑ Showa Denko K. K., Japan

so PCT Int. Appl., 54 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LΑ English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PΙ WO 2004035546 A1 20040429 WO 2003-JP12618 20031001 W: AE, AG, , AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC 1700 REMSON 4B28 571/272-2505

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CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE,
            GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS,
            LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG,
            PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR,
            TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
            KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
            FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
            BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                            JP 2002-300446
     JP 2004137152
                          A2
                                20040513
                                                                    20021015
PRAI JP 2002-300446
                                20021015
                          Α
    US 2002-419093P
                          Р
                                20021018
    MARPAT 140:357868
os
GΙ
```

AB The present invention provides a novel hexaarylbiimidazole compound of I type (R1 = halogen; R2 = optionally substituted C1-4 alkyl group). The hexaarylbiimidazole compound of the present invention is useful as photoradical generators in **photopolymerizable** compns. used as **resists** and is characterized by low sublimating thermal decomposition products. The photopolymerizable compns. may be suitably used as resists or as color filters for color liquid crystal display elements, cameras and the like (no data).

Ι

IC ICM C07D233-54

ICS G03F007-00

CC 35-3 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers) Section cross-reference(s): 38, 74

ST photoresist photoinitiator hexaarylbiimidazole compd color filter LCD device

IT Photoresists

(manufacture of hexaarylbiimidazole compds. and photopolymn. initiator compns. containing the same)

IT 645402-18-2P 645402-19-3P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of hexaarylbiimidazole compds. and photopolymn. initiator compns. containing the same)

IT 645402-18-2P

> RL: CAT (Catalyst use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

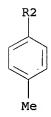
(manufacture of hexaarylbiimidazole compds. and photopolymn. initiator compns. containing the same)

645402-18-2 HCAPLUS RN

1H-Imidazole, 2-(2-chlorophenyl)-1-[2-(2-chlorophenyl)-4,5-bis(4-CNmethylphenyl) -2H-imidazol-2-yl] -4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A



RE.CNT THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 12 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2004:351947 HCAPLUS

DN 140:383097

TI Positively-working radiation resist resin composition containing substituted imidazole

applicantes Yokoyama, Kenichi; Miyajima, Fumihisa; Nagai, Tomoki; Yoneda, Eiji IN

PΑ JSR Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 40 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

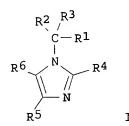
LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	JP 2004133055	A2	20040430	JP 2002-295260	20021008
	US 2005095527	A1	20050505	US 2003-679367	20031007
PRAI	JP 2002-295260	Α	20021008		

OS MARPAT 140:383097

GI



AB The composition contains (A) N-substituted imidazole I [R1-R6 = H, cyano, (substituted) C1-20 alkyl, (substituted) C3-20 alicyclic group, C2-20 alkenyl, (substituted) aryl, (substituted) heteroaryl; 2 of R1-R6 may form heterocyclic group or form dimer], (B) a radiation-sensitive acid-generating agent, and (C) (c1) a resin insol. or difficult to be soluble in alkali protected by an acid-sensitive dissociable group, which is converted to alkali soluble in removal of the dissociable group or (c2) an alkali-soluble resin and an alkali dissoln. regulator.

The storage-stable composition shows high resolution

IC ICM G03F007-004

ICS G03F007-039; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 38

ST pos working radiation resist substituted imidazole; storage stability radiation resist

IT Polysiloxanes, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (pos.-working radiation resist resin composition containing substituted imidazole with storage stability)

IT Resists

(radiation-sensitive; pos.-working radiation
resist resin composition containing substituted imidazole with storage
stability)

IT 66003-78-9, Triphenylsulfonium trifluoromethanesulfonate 84563-54-2,
Bis[4-(tert-butyl)phenyl)iodonium trifluoromethanesulfonate 138529-81-4,
Bis(cyclohexylsulfonyl)diazomethane 181425-38-7 209482-18-8
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(acid-generating agent; pos.-working radiation resist

resin composition containing substituted imidazole with storage stability)

IT 4238-71-5, 1-Benzylimidazole 13750-62-4,

1-Benzyl-2-methylimidazole

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(pos.-working radiation resist resin composition containing

substituted imidazole prepared from)

693-98-1, 2-Methylimidazole 4704-77-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (pos.-working radiation resist resin composition containing
 substituted imidazole prepared from)

IT 683786-05-2P 683786-06-3P

IT

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(pos.-working radiation resist resin composition containing substituted imidazole with storage stability)

IT 109-92-2DP, Ethyl vinyl ether, reaction product with polyhydroxystyrene 24424-99-5DP, Di(tert-butyl) dicarbonate, reaction product with polyhydroxystyrene 24979-70-2DP, Poly(p-hydroxystyrene), reaction product with di-Bu dicarbonate 123589-22-0DP, p-(tert-Butoxy)styrene-phydroxystyrene copolymer, reaction product with Et vinyl ether 129674-22-2DP, p-(tert-Butoxy)carbonyloxystyrene-p-hydroxystyrene copolymer, reaction product with Et vinyl ether 221549-67-3P 288622-95-7P 330576-44-8P 340964-24-1P 406198-64-9P 479628-09-6P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(pos.-working radiation resist resin composition containing substituted imidazole with storage stability)

IT 4238-71-5, 1-Benzylimidazole 13750-62-4,

1-Benzyl-2-methylimidazole

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(pos.-working radiation resist resin composition containing substituted imidazole prepared from)

RN 4238-71-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 1-(phenylmethyl) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 13750-62-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 2-methyl-1-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 683786-05-2P 683786-06-3P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(pos.-working radiation resist resin composition containing substituted imidazole with storage stability)

RN 683786-05-2 HCAPLUS

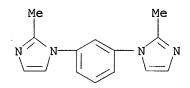
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			Q.					
						i.		

1,2-Propanediol, 3-(2-methyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

$$\begin{tabular}{c|c} N & Me \\ \hline & N & OH \\ & & \\ CH_2-CH-CH_2-OH \\ \end{tabular}$$

683786-06-3 HCAPLUS RN

CN 1H-Imidazole, 1,1'-(1,3-phenylene)bis[2-methyl- 49CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ANSWER 13 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L45

2004:37347 HCAPLUS AN

DN 140:102033

Photopolymerization initiator and photopolymerizable composition TIcontaining it

IN Kamata, Hirotoshi; Onishi, Mina; Mufofushi, Katsumi

Showa Denko K. K., Japan PΑ

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 35 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LΑ Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ----\_\_\_\_\_ 20/040115 20020607 PΙ JP 2004012820 A2 JP 2002-166419 20020607 PRAI JP 2002-166419

MARPAT 140:102033 os

GI

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
S \\
R \\
 & Ts - O
\end{array}$$

The photopolymn. in tiator contains a photoradical generator and 1,3-dicarbonyl compound R1COCR3HCOR2 [R1-2 = alkyl, alkoxy, amino, aralkyl, AΒ aryl, aryloxy, organic group bering unsatd. group or polymer residue; R3 = H, alkyl, aralkyl, aryl, (these groups may be substituted)] or I [R3 = H, alkyl, aralkyl, aryl; R4 = alkylene; (these groups may be substituted)]. The photopolymn. composition contains (A) the photopolymn. initiator, (B) a binder resin bearing carbonyl group and (C) a compound with ethylenic unsatd. group. The resist pattern formation by irradiating the composition

Ι

through line-pattered photomask and alkali development is characterized by that (1) alkali developing time is 1.5-3 times of tD (tD = time for completely dissolving the non-exposed area) or (2) exposure amount is 1-3 times of the min. reasonable exposing amount Formed resist pattern is also claimed. The composition shows high sensitivity, alkaline-resistance of the exposed area, and gives accurate line patterns useful for color filter.

IC ICM G03F007-031

ICS C08F002-44; C08F002-50; C08F265-02; G02B005-20; G03F007-004; G03F007-029

CC . 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 38

ST photopolymn initiator carbonyl compd photoradical generator; photoresist photopolymn initiator color filter

IT Optical filters

**Photoresists** 

(photopolymn. compound containing dicarbonyl compound polymerization initiator)

IT 29969-84-4P 645402-18-2P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(radical generator; photopolymn. compound containing dicarbonyl compound polymerization initiator)

IT 29969-84-4P 645402-18-2P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(radical generator; photopolymn. compound containing dicarbonyl compound polymerization initiator)

RN 29969-84-4 HCAPLUS

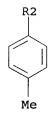
CN 1H-Imidazole, 2-(2-chlorophenyl)-1-[2-(2-chlorophenyl)-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2H-imidazol-2-yl]-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 645402-18-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 2-(2-chlorophenyl)-1-[2-(2-chlorophenyl)-4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)-2H-imidazol-2-yl]-4,5-bis(4-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A



L45 ANSWER 14 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2003:111379 HCAPLUS

DN 138:161078

TI Radiation-sensitive chemically amplified resist resin composition containing specific nitrogen-containing compound as acid-diffusion-control agent

IN Nagai, Tomoki; Kobayashi, Eiichi; Shimokawa, Tsutomu

PA JSR Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 23 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
	JP 2003043678 JP 2001-234457	A2	20030213 20010802	JP 2001-234457	20010802	

OS MARPAT 138:161078

AB The title composition contains a radiation-sensitive acid-generator and an

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC 1700 REMSON 4B28 571/272-2505

CM 2

104-15-4 CRN CMF C7 H8 O3 S

L45 ANSWER 16 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2002:384437 HCAPLUS

DN 136:409011

Azaindolizine photosensitizer, visible light/curable photoimaging ΤI

composition, and laser imaging application / Ogiso, Akira; Nakagawa, Shinichi; Kiyono, Kazuhiro; Misawa, Tsutayoshi; IN Shimamura, Takehiko

PΑ Mitsui Chemicals Inc., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 30 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

Patent DT

LA Japanese

FAN.C	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PRAI	JP 2002146334 JP 2000-346577 MARPAT 136:409011	A2	20020522	JP 2000-346577	20001114

The invention relates to an azaindolizine photosensitizer represented by AB general formulá I (R1-8 = H, alkyl, aralkyl, aryl, alkenyl, alkoxy, aralkyloxy, aryloxy, alkenyloxy, alkylthio, aralkylthio, arylthio,

Benzoxazolium, 5-(1-methylethyl)-2-[2-[2-(4-methylphenyl)imidazo[1,2-

a]pyridin-3-yl]ethenyl]-3-phenyl-, iodide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN

OI.

RN 428510-67-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoxazolium, 4,5,7-trimethyl-3-(3-methylbutyl)-2-[2-(8-methyl-2-phenylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-3-yl)ethenyl]-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me 
$$CH = CH$$
  $N$   $N$   $Me$   $CH_2 = CHMe_2$ 

• Br-

RN 428510-68-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoxazolium, 2-[2-(5,7-dimethyl-2-phenylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-3-yl)ethenyl]-6-methoxy-3-(phenylmethyl)-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

• Br-

RN 428510-69-4 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoxazolium, 2-[2-(2-methylimidazo[2,1-a]isoquinolin-3-yl)ethenyl]-5-(phenylmethyl)-3-(2-propenyl)-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$H_2C = CH - CH_2$$
 $Ph - CH_2$ 
 $N + CH = CH$ 
 $N + CH$ 

● cl-

RN 428510-71-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoxazolium, 3-ethyl-2-[2-[2-ethyl-8-(2-phenylethyl)imidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-3-yl]ethenyl]-6-(phenylmethoxy)-, salt with 4-methylbenzenesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 428510-70-7 CMF C35 H34 N3 O2

CM 2

CRN 16722-51-3 CMF C7 H7 O3 S

RN 428510-72-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoxazolium, 3-(cyclohexylmethyl)-2-[2-[2-methyl-7-(2-phenylethenyl)imidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-3-yl]ethenyl]-5-phenyl-, iodide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Me} & \text{N} \\ \hline & \text{CH} & \text{CH} - \text{Ph} \\ \hline & \text{N} + \text{CH}_2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

• I-

RN 428510-74-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoxazolium, 3-ethyl-5-phenoxy-2-[2-[6-(phenylmethoxy)imidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-3-yl]ethenyl]-, benzenesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 428510-73-0 CMF C31 H26 N3 O3

CM 2

CRN 3198-32-1 CMF C6 H5 O3 S

RN 428510-76-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoxazolium, 3-ethyl-2-[2-(2-phenylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-3-yl)ethenyl]-6-[(phenylmethyl)-2-propenylamino]-, ethanesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 428510-75-2 CMF C34 H31 N4 O

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Ph-CH2} \\ \text{H_2C} & \text{CH-CH_2-N} & \text{O} \\ & \text{CH-CH_2-N} & \text{Ph} \\ & \text{Et} & \text{Ph} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 10047-83-3 CMF C2 H5 O3 S

RN 428510-78-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoxazolium, 2-[2-[2-(3-butenyl)imidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-3-yl]ethenyl]-3-butyl-6-(4-morpholinyl)-, methanesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 428510-77-4 CMF C28 H33 N4 O2

CM 2

CRN 16053-58-0 CMF C H3 O3 S

RN 428510-80-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoxazolium, 6-(dimethylamino)-3-(2-methylpropyl)-2-[2-(2-phenylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-3-yl)ethenyl]-, salt with

trifluoromethanesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 428510-79-6 CMF C28 H29 N4 O

CM 2

CRN 37181-39-8 CMF C F3 O3 S

RN 428510-82-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoxazolium, 2-[2-[2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-7-methylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-3-yl]ethenyl]-3-ethyl-6-(methylphenylamino)-, iodide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● T -

RN 428510-85-4 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoxazolium, 3-(2-ethoxyethyl)-5-(methylthio)-2-[2-(2-phenylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-3-yl)ethenyl]-, salt with 4-methylbenzenesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 428510-84-3 CMF C27 H26 N3 O2 S

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Ph} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{N} \\ \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{OEt} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 16722-51-3 CMF C7 H7 O3 S

RN 428510-87-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoxazolium, 3-ethyl-2-[2-(2-methylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-3-yl)ethenyl]-5-(phenylthio)-, iodide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

• I.

RN 428510-88-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoxazolium, 2-[2-(2-ethylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-3-yl)ethenyl]-3-(2-propenyl)-5-(2-propenylthio)-, iodide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$H_2C = CH - CH_2 - S$$
 $CH_2 - CH = CH_2$ 

🗎 т -

RN 428510-89-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoxazolium, 2-[2-[2-(2-methylpropyl)imidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-3-yl]ethenyl]-5-[(phenylmethyl)thio]-3-propyl-, iodide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

• I-

RN 428510-92-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoxazolium, 5-[[(2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)methyl]thio]-3-ethyl-2[2-[7-methoxy-2-methyl-8-(phenylmethoxy)imidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-3yl]ethenyl]-, iodide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me O 
$$CH_2-S$$
  $CH=CH$   $N$  OMe O  $CH_2-Ph$ 

• I-

RN 428510-94-5 HCAPLUS

CN Naphtho[2,1-d]thiazolium, 3-ethyl-6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-2-[2-(2-methylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-3-yl)ethenyl]-, salt with 4-methylbenzenesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 428510-93-4 CMF C23 H24 N3 S

CM 2

CRN 16722-51-3 CMF C7 H7 O3 S

RN 428510-95-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzothiazolium, 3-butyl-5-methyl-2-[2-(2-phenylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-3-yl)ethenyl]-, iodide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} S & CH = CH \\ \hline N^+ & Ph \\ \hline Bu-n \end{array}$$

• I-

IT 428510-65-0P

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(azaindolizine photosensitizer in visible light-curable photoimaging composition suitable for laser imaging application)

RN 428510-65-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoxazolium, 3-ethyl-2-[2-(2-phenylimidazo[1,2-a]pyridin-3-yl)ethenyl]-, iodide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 17 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN AN2002:253088 HCAPLUS 136:286596 DN TIRadiation sensitive resin composition Miyaji, Masaaki; Nagai, Tomoki; Yada, Yuji; Numata, Jun; Nishimura, Yukio; IN Yamamoto, Masafumi; Ishii, Hiroyuki; Kajita, Tory; Shimokawa, Tsutomu PA JSR Corporation, Japan SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 71 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW DT Patent LA English FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE \_ \_ \_ \_ ΡI EP 1193558 A2 20020403. P 2001-122213 20010917 EP 1193558 **A3** 20020814 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GA, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO JP 2002202604 **A2** 20020719 JP 2000-401302 20001228 JP 2002162746 A2 2002060/ JP 2001-280035 20010914 US 2001-953941 US 2002058201 20020516 A1. 20010918 PRAI JP 2000-282689 20000\$18 Α JP 2000-401302 200012228 Α GI OR2 I II

AB A chemical amplified radiation sensitive resin composition comprises a specific copolymer and a photoacid generator, wherein the copolymer contains the recurring unit I and/or II and CH2CR1(C:O)NR3R4 (R1 = H, Me; R2 = C4-10 tertiary alkyl; R3,4 = H, C1-12 alkyl, C6-15 aromatic, C1-12 alkoxyl, or R3 and R4 may form, in combination and together with the nitrogen atom with which the R3 and R4 groups bond, a C3-14 cyclic structure, provided that R3 and R4 are not a hydrogen atom at the same time). The composition effectively responds to various radiations, exhibits excellent resolution and pattern configuration and minimal iso-dense bias, and can form fine patterns at a high precision and in a stable manner.

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10/679367
                           Page 41
LEE
                 6/14/05
IC
     ICM G03F007-038
     ICS G03F007-039; G03F007-004
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
     Other Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38
IT
     Photoresists
        (chemical amplified; radiation sensitive resin composition for)
                102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses
                                                  1008-89-5, 2-Phenylpyridine
IT
     102-60-3
     1116-76-3, Tri-n-octylamine
                                   193810-83-2
                                                  330576-56-2,
     N-t-Butoxycarbonyldicyclohexylamine
                                           406198-67-2
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (acid diffusion control agent; radiation sensitive resin
        composition for photoresist containing)
     66003-78-9, Triphenylsulfoniumtrifluoromethanesulfonate
IT
                                                                 84563-54-2,
     Bis(4-tert-butylphenyl)iodonium trifluoromethanesulfonate
                                                                  133710-62-0
     138529-81-4, Bis(cyclohexylsulfonyl)diazomethane
                                                        185195-30-6D,
     Bis(4-tert-butylphenyl)iodonium 10-camphorsulfonate, reaction product with
                      194999-85-4
                                   205514-94-9, N-(10-
     Et vinyl ether
     Camphorsulfonyloxy) succinimide
                                      406198-76-3
                                                     406198-77-4
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (acid generator; radiation sensitive resin composition for
        photoresist containing)
IT
     542-92-7, Cyclopentadiene, reactions
                                             2680-03-7, N,N-Dimethylacrylamide
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of radiation sensitive resin composition for
        photoresist)
IT
     25171-46-4P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of radiation sensitive resin composition for
        photoresist)
IT
     109-92-2DP, Ethyl vinyl ether, reaction product with poly(hydroxystyrene)
     928-55-2DP, Ethyl-1-propenyl ether, reaction product with
     poly(hydroxystyrene)
                            2182-55-0DP, Cyclohexyl vinyl ether, reaction
     product with poly(hydroxystyrene)
                                        24979-70-2DP, Poly(p-hydroxystyrene),
                                                                   24979-70-2DP,
     reaction product with Et vinyl ether and Et propenyl ether
     Poly(p-hydroxystyrene), reaction product with di-Bu carbonate
     34619-03-9DP, Di-tert-butyl carbonate, reaction product with
                           95418-60-3DP, Poly (p-tert-Butoxystyrene),
     poly(hydroxystyrene)
     hydrolyzed, and/or reaction product with cyclohexyl vinyl ether
     123589-22-0DP, p-tert-Butoxystyrene-p-hydroxystyrene copolymer, reaction
     product with Et vinyl ether 221524-18-1DP, reaction product with Et vinyl ether 221549-67-3DP, hydrolyzed 340964-44-5P 357167-14-7P
                                 406198-56-9DP, hydrolyzed
     406198-55-8DP, hydrolyzed
                                                              406198-57-0DP,
                 406198-58-1DP, hydrolyzed
                                               406198-60-5DP, hydrolyzed
     hydrolyzed
     406198-61-6DP, hydrolyzed 406198-62-7DP, hydrolyzed
     406198-63-8DP, hydrolyzed
                                406198-64-9DP, hydrolyzed
                                                              406198-68-3P
                    406198-70-7P
                                   406198-71-8P
                                                  406198-72-9P
                                                                  406198-73-0P
     406198-69-4P
     406198-74-1P
                    406198-75-2P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (resin; radiation sensitive resin composition for
        photoresist containing)
TT
     406198-62-7DP, hydrolyzed
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (resin; radiation sensitive resin composition for
        photoresist containing)
RN
     406198-62-7 HCAPLUS
CN
     Phenol, 4-ethenyl-, acetate, polymer with 1-(1,1-dimethylethoxy)-4-
```

ethenylbenzene and 1-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)-1H-imidazole (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 95418-58-9 CMF C12 H16 O

CM 2

CRN .40736-25-2 CMF C6 H6 N2 O

CM 3

CRN 2628-16-2 CMF C10 H10 O2

L45 ANSWER 18 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2002:219915 HCAPLUS

DN 136:270567

TI Photosensitive polymer composition and its use in **photosensitive** material for **resist** pattern formation

IN Yoshikawa, Katsumasa; Tarumoto, Tadahiro; Komatsu, Shihoko; Miki, Tetsuzo

PA Hodogaya Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC 1700 REMSON 4B28 571/272-2505

```
PΙ
     JP 2002082434
                                 20020322
                                              JP 2000-271532
                                                                      20000907
                           A2
PRAI JP 2000-271532
                                 20000907
     The composition with high sensitivity, comprises CO2H-containing polymers,
     ethylenically unsatd. group-containing photopolymerizable compds., and a
     photoinitiator of 2-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-4,5-bis(4-
     (methoxyphenyl)imidazole dimer. The composition is applied on a support and
     dried to give the photosensitive material, which is suitable for printed
     circuit board manufacture
IC
     ICM G03F007-029
         C08F002-44; C08F002-50; C08F291-06; G03F067-027; G03F007-032;
          H05K003-00
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
CC
     Other Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 37, 76
ST
     photosensitive polymer resist photoinitiator
     dichlorophenylbismethoxyphenylimidazole/dimer; printed circuit manuf
     photoresist photoinitiator
IT
     Polyoxyalkylenes, preparation
     RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); / TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (acrylic; photosensitive polymer composition containing
        photoinitiator for resist pattern formation)
IT
     Polymerization catalysts
        (photopolymn.; photosensitive polymer composition containing
        photoinitiator for resist pattern formation)
IT
     Photoresists
        (photosensitive polymer composition containing photoinitiator
        for resist pattern formation)
IT
     405095-95-6P
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses),
        (photosensitive polyme/ composition containing photoinitiator
        for resist pattern formation)
IT
     25300-85-0P, Ethyl methacrylate-methacrylic acid-styrene copolymer
     RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); POF (Polymer in formulation);
     TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); PROC
     (Process); USES (Uses)
        (photosensitive polymer composition containing photoinitiator for resist pattern formation)
IT
     26570-48-9
     RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
     process); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (photosensivive polymer composition containing photoinitiator
        for resist pattern formation)
IT
     3524-68-3, Tetramethylolmethane triacrylate
     RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
    process); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PROC (Process); USES
     (Uses)
        (photosensitive polymer composition containing photoinitiator
        for resist pattern formation)
IT
     405095-96-7P, Ethyl methacrylate-methacrylic acid-styrene-polyethylene
     qlycol diacrylate-tetramethylolmethane triacrylate copolymer
     RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (photosensitive polymer composition containing photoinitiator
        for resist pattern formation)
IT
     405095-95-6P
```

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(photosensitive polymer composition containing photoinitiator for resist pattern formation)

RN 405095-95-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 2-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-1-[2-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2H-imidazol-2-yl]-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L45 ANSWER 19 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2001:904766 HCAPLUS

DN 136:29185

TI Photosensitive resin composition and photosensitive material using the same

IN Miki, Tetsuzo; Kikkawa, Katsumasa; Komatsu, Shihoko; Tarumoto, Naohiro PA Hodogaya Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan

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LEE
     10/679367
                 6/14/05
                            Page 45
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 20 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DТ
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                          KIND
                                 DATE
                                              APPLICATION NO.
                                                                      DATE
                          _ - - -
PI
     WO 2001095033
                           A1
                                 20011213
                                             WO 2001-JP4748
                                                                      20010605
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS,
             LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ,
                                                                   ₽L, PT, RO,
             RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA,
                                                                   ∕UG, US, UZ,
             VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU,
                                                           TJ,
                                                               TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, /T, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
                                                               ∕PT, SE, TR, BF,
             BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN
                                                               TD,
                                                                   TG
     EP 1290499
                           A1
                                 20030312
                                            EP 2001-934553
                                                                      20010605
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, ZU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
     JP 2003536104
                           T2
                                 20031202
                                             JP 2002-502/522
                                                                      20010605
PRAI JP 2000-168721
                           Α
                                 20000606
     WO 2001-JP4748
                           W
                                 20010605
     The present invention relates to a high sensitive photosensitive material
AB
     used for manufacturing print circuit boards, developing a high productivity,
and
     to a photosensitive resin composition used 
ot\!\!/ herein. A photosensitive resin
     composition comprises: (A) a carboxyl group-containing polymer; (B) a
     photopolymerizable compound having an ethylenic unsatd. group, and (C)
     2-(2-chlorophenyl)-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)imidazole dimer as a
     photoinitiator compound
IC
     ICM G03F007-031
CC
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemi/stry, and Photographic and
     Other Reprographic Processes)
                                          76
     Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38,
IT
     Photoresists
     Semiconductor device fabrication,
        (photosensitive resin composition for)
IT
     29969-84-4P
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (#ynthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (photoinitiator for photosensitive resin composition)
IT
     29969-84-4P
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (photoinitiator for photosensitive resin composition)
RN
     29969-84-4 HCAPLUS
     1H-Imidazole, 2-(2-ch/1) or ophenyl) -1-[2-(2-ch/1) or ophenyl) -4.5-b is (4-ch/1)
CN
     methoxyphenyl)-2H-imidazol-2-yl]-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI)
     INDEX NAME)
```

RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L45 ANSWER 20 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2001:904764 HCAPLUS

DN 136:29184

TI Photosensitive resin composition and photosensitive material using the same

IN Miki, Tetsuzo; Kikkawa, Katsumasa; Komatsu, Shihoko; Tarumoto, Naohiro

PA Hodogaya Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan

SO PCT Int. Appl., 16 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	יאם	CENT :	NTO			KIN	n	DATE			יולדם א	ICAT:	TON 1	NΤΟ		D:	ATE	
	FA.	LENI .	110.			KIM	٠.	DAIE		•	APJU	TCAT.	TON	NO.		וע	TIL	
							-				-/					-		
ΡI	WO	2001	0950	32		A1		2001	1213	1	0 2	001-	JP45	70		20	0010	530
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA/	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
			CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DΕ,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
			GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	.IN,	IS,	øΡ,	ΚE,	KG,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,
			LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,
			RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	ΤZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,
			VN,	ΥU,	ZA,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	в <b>х</b> ,	KG,	·KZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM			
		RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	≴D,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	ВE,	CH,	CY,
			DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	TR,	BF,
			ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG		
DDAT	.TD	2000	-166	045		7.		20 മ്	0602									

PRAI JP 2000-166045 A 20000602

The present invention relates to a highly sensitive photosensitive material used for preparing print circuit boards. A photosensitive resin composition comprises: (A) á carboxyl group-containing polymer; (B) a photopolymerizable compound having an ethylenic unsatd. group, and (C) 2-(2-trifluoromethylphenyl)-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)imidazole dimer as a photoinitiator compound

IC ICM G03F007-031

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and **Photographic** and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38, 76

IT Photoresists

Semiconductor device fabrication

(photosensitive resin composition for)

IT 379259-10-6P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(photoinitiator for photosensitive resin composition)

IT 379259-10-6P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

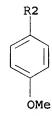
(photoinitiator for photosensitive resin composition)

RN 379259-10-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 1-[4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-[2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2H-imidazol-2-yl]-4,5-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-[2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A



RE.CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L45 ANSWER 21 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2001:704336 HCAPLUS

DN 136:12698

CRN

CMF

64212-22-2

C15 H12 N2 O

$$C-CH_2-N$$

CM 2

CRN 33906-65-9 CMF C24 H20 B . H CCI CCS

● H+

CN Ethanone, 2-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)-1-(2-naphthalenyl)-, monohydrobromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● HBY

RE.CNT 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L45 ANSWER 22 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC 1700 REMSON 4B28 571/272-2505

AN 2001:595540 HCAPLUS

DN 135:187703

TI Light-sensitive resin composition for transferable photoresist precursor and method for pattern formation for printed circuit board production using same

IN Hidaka, Takahiro; Natori, Michiko

PA Hitachi Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan; Hodogaya Chemical Co., Ltd.

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN. CNT 1

PAN.CIVI I				
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				/
PI JP 2001222106	A2	20010817	JP 2000-35647	2000/208
PRAI JP 2000-35647		20000208		
OS MARPAT 135:187703				
GI				

AB The title composition contains a binder resin, ethylenic unsat. photopolymerizable monomers, and photopolymn. initiators, wherein the photopolymn. initiator contains compound I (R = halo). The composition, which contains the aforementioned compound as the photopolymn. initiator, provides resist precursor of the high sensitivity and the printed circuit boards of the high resolution pattern and the prevented soiling from soldering.

IC ICM G03F007-031

ICS G03F007-004; G03F007-027; G03F007-033; G03F007-40; H05K003-06; H05K003-18

Ι

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 76

IT 354810-34-7P

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(photopolym). initiator in light-sensitive resin composition)

IT 354810-34-7P <

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(photopolymn. initiator in light-sensitive resin composition)

RN 354810-34-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 2-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-1-[2-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-4,5-

diphenyl-2H-imidazol-2-yl]-4,5-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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ANSWER 23 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
      2001:261365 HCAPLUS
\mathbf{A}\mathbf{N}
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134:302973 DN

TI Electrophotographic image material and electrophotographic imaging method

Oishi, Yasushi; Kubodera, Seiichi; Sato, Kozo IN

Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan PA

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 25 pp. SO CODEN: JKXXA

DTPatent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
		\				
ΡÌ	JP 2001100449	<b>X</b> 2	20010413	JP 1999-274592	19990928	
	US 6656649	В	20031202	US 2000-670718	20000928	
PRAI	JP 1999-274592	Α \	19990928			

AB The electrophotog. imaging material is an electrophotog. toner and/or electrophotog. toner receptor containing a dye-fixing agent. The dye-fixing agent can be activated by heat or Diels-Alder reaction. The electrophotog. imaging material may contain a color fadingresistant agent and/or UV absorber. The electrophotog. imaging material produces images with excellent color reproduction and color d.

IC ICM G03G007-00

ICS G03G009-09; G03G009-08

74-3 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry) and Photographic and CC Other Reprographic Processes)

ΙT 9037-24-5, Amberlyst 15 17450-30-5, N-Octadecylmaleimide 25232-42-2, Poly(vinylimidazole) 25820-85-3 **√** 30551-89-4 334520-92-2 77728-15-5 334521-25-4

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (dye-fixing agent in electrophotog. image material for improving color reproduction and d.)

IT 25232-42-2, Poly(vinylimidazole)

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(dye-fixing agent in electrophotog, image material for improving color reproduction and d.)

RN25232-42-2 HCAPLUS

1H-Imidazole, 1-ethenyl-, homopolymer (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

```
CM
          1
     CRN 1072-63-5
     CMF C5 H6 N2
      CH = CH_2
L45 ANSWER 24 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
     2000:686601 HCAPLUS
DN
    .133:259333
     Photosensitive epoxy (meth)acrylate polymer compositions and printed
     circuit boards
IN
     Shimada, Kenichi
     Ibiden Co., Ltd., Japan
PA
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
     Japanese
LA
FAN.CNT 1
                                               APPLICATION NO.
                           KIND
                                  DATE
                                                                        DATE
     PATENT NO.
                           ----
PΙ
                           A2
                                  20000929
                                               JP 19/99-66990
                                                                        19990312
     JP 2000267274
PRAI JP 1999-66990
                                  19990312
     The compns. comprise (a) epoxy (meth)acrylate, (b) hardening agent, and (c) P-containing (meth)acrylic acid ester monomers. Preferable P-containing
     (meth) acrylic acid ester monomers are given as Markush structures.
     Printed wiring boards consisting of a substrate having elec. circuits and
     photosensitive polymer layers comprising of the above stated compns. are
     also claimed. The compns. have exceldent heat cycle characteristics and
     are suitable as solder resist layers, plating resist layers, interlayer
     insulators, etc.
IC
     ICM G03F007-027
          G03F007-027; C08F002-50; C08F290-06; H05K003-00; H05K003-28;
     ICS
          C08F230-02
CC
     74-4 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
     Other Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38/
IT
     Photoimaging materials
     Printed circuit boards
     Solder resists
         (photosensitive epoxy (meth) acrylate polymer compns. containing
        P-containing (meth) acry/ate monomers and printed circuit boards with the
        photosensitive polymer/layers)
IT
     23996-25-0, 2E 4MZ-CN
     RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use);
     USES (Uses)
         (curing agent; photosensitive epoxy (meth)acrylate polymer compns.
        containing P-contafining (meth)acrylate monomers and printed circuit boards
with
     the photosensitive polymer layers)
23996-25-0, 2E 4MZ/CN
IT
     RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use);
```

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC 1700 REMSON 4B28 571/272-2505

10/679367

6/14/05

Page 52

USES (Uses)

(curing agent; photosensitive epoxy (meth)acrylate polymer compns. containing P-containing (meth) acrylate monomers and printed circuit boards

with

the photosensitive polymer layers)

23996-25-0 HCAPLUS RN

1H-Imidazole-1-propanenitrile, 2-ethyl-4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Me N Et 
$$CH_2-CH_2-CN$$

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L45 ANSWER 25 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
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AN2000:383719 HCAPLUS

DN 133:18771

ΤI Cationic aminoanthraquinones and their use as hair dyes

IN Genet, Alain; Lagrange, Alain

PAL'Oreal, Fr.

Eur. Pat. Appl., 17 pp. SO

CODEN: EPXXDW

DTPatent

LA	French			•
FAN.	CNT 1			
	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	EP 1006154	A1 20000607	EP 1999- <b>/</b> 02629	19991022
	R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, 17, LI, LU, NL,	SE, MC, PT,
	IE, SI, LT,	LV, FI, RO		
	FR 2786484	A1 20000602	FR <b>1</b> 998-15046	19981130
	FR 2786484	B1 20010105		
	AT 216413	E 20020515	XT 1999-402629	19991022
	ES 2175910	T3 20021116	ES 1999-402629	19991022
	CA 2290843	C 20030415	CA 1999-2290843	19991126
	CA 2290843	AA 20000530		
	US 6437149	B1 2002082/0	US 1999-449539	19991129
	JP 2000229947	A2 20000 <b>8</b> 22	JP 1999-340633	19991130
	JP 3531801	B2 2004/0531		
	US 2003073853	A1 20030417	US 2002-190518	20020709
	US 6645259	B2 2 <b>0</b> 031111		
PRAI	FR 1998-15046	A /19981130		
	US 1999-449539	A3 /19991129		
os	MARPAT 133:18771			

Cationic aminoanthraquinones are disclosed which have the cationic charge AB delocalized on a polyago 5-membered heterocycle, such as imidazolium or pyrazolium. These compds. are suitable as hair dyes with improved resistance to photofading. Thus, 1-(2-

bromoethylamino) any hraquinone was condensed with 1-methyl-1H-imidazole to give a red dye which provided a reddish copper shade on gray hair.

ICM C09B001-20 ICS A61K007-13 IC

CC 41-4 (Dyes, Organic Pigments, Fluorescent Brighteners, and Photographic Sensitizers)

Section cross/reference(s): 62

IT 272784-30-2P/

10/679367 6/14/05 Page 54 LEE

> RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(intermediate; imidazolium and pyrazolium aminoanthraquinone dyes for hair)

272784-30-2P TΤ

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(intermediate; imidazolium and pyrazolium aminoanthraquinone dyes for hair)

272784-30-2 HCAPLUS RN

9,10-Anthracenedione, 1-[[3-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)propyl]amino]-4-CN (methylamino) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 6 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 26 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L45

1999:231796 HCAPLUS ΔN

DN 130:318597

Photosensitive polymer composition and color filter ΤI

Takazaki, Ryuichiro; Matsuo, Fumiyuki, IN

Mitsubishi Chemical Industries Ltd. / Japan PΑ

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DTPatent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PΙ

KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. -----<del>---</del> 19970919 JP 11095425 A2 19990409 JP 1997-254803 19970919 PRAI JP 1997-254803

The compns. contain (a) binder resins containing ethylenically unsatd. double bonds and carboxyl groups, (b) azide compds., and (c) photopolymn. initiators. Color filters prepared by formation of black matrix using the above compns. on transparent substrates are also claimed. Compns. show excellent developability with alkaline and give patterns with high resolution

and

accuracy even when blended with black pigments. IC ICM G03F007-02/7

G03F007-027; C08F299-00; G02B005-00; G02B005-20; G03F007-004; ICS G03F007-/008

74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and CC Other Reprographic Processes)

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LEE 10/679367 6/14/05 Page 55
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Section cross-reference(s): 38, 73

ST photosensitive polymer resist color filter; pigment dispersed photopolymer resist; acrylic polymer azide photoresist

IT 90-93-7, 4,4'-Bis(diethylamino)benzophenone 7189-82-4
RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use);
USES (Uses)

(photopolymn. initiator; photosensitive polymer compns. containing azides for preparation of color filters)

IT 7189-82-4

RL: DEV (Device component use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(photopolymn. initiator; photosensitive polymer compns. containing azides for preparation of color filters)

RN 7189-82-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 2-(2-chlorophenyl)-1-[2-(2-chlorophenyl)-4,5-diphenyl-2H-imidazol-2-yl]-4,5-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L45 ANSWER 27 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1998:685229 HCAPLUS

DN 130:8890

TI Photosensitive resin composition useful as resist

IN Sato, Hiroaki

PA Nippon Synthetic Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI JP 10282660 A2 19981023 JP 1997-110210 19970410

PRAI JP 1997-110210 19970410

AB The title composition contains (a) a base polymer, (b) ethylenic unsatd. compds. including ≥30 weight% CH2:CR1CO2CHR2CH2OCO(CH2)nCO2CH2CHR2OCOC R1:CH2 (n = 0-10; R1 = H or Me; R2 = H or OH) (c) a hexaarylbiimidazole derivative, and (d) a leuco dye. The composition shows high resolution and

photosensitivity and improved peeling properties upon development.

IC ICM G03F007-027

ICS C08F002-50; C09D004-06; G03F007-004; G03F007-033; H05K003-06

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and **Photographic** and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 37

IT Photoresists

(photoresist composition containing ethylenic unsatd. compound and hexaarylbiimidazole)

IT 7189-82-4

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(photoresist composition containing ethylenic unsatd. compound and hexaarylbiimidazole)

IT 7189-82-4

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(photoresist composition containing ethylenic unsatd. compound and hexaarylbiimidazole)

RN 7189-82-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 2-(2-chlorophenyl)-1-[2-(2-chlorophenyl)-4,5-diphenyl-2H-imidazol-2-yl]-4,5-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L45 ANSWER 28 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1998:455475 HCAPLUS

DN 129:168105

TI Photosensitive resin composition containing imidazolesilane compound and photosensitive element using same

IN Ichikawa, Tatsuya; Tanaka, Yoji; Chiba, Tatsuo; Tsuchita, Katsushi; Kumagaya, Masashi

PA Hitachi Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan; Japan Energy K. K.

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

```
PI JP 10186657 A2 19980714 JP 1996-349441 19961227
PRAI JP 1996-349441 19961227
OS MARPAT 129:168105
GT
```

The title composition contains (a) a carboxyl group-containing binder polymer, (b)

a photopolymg. compound having polymerizable ethylenic unsatd. bonds in its mol., (c) a photopolymn. initiator, and (d) an imidazolesilane compound prepared by reacting an imidazole compound I (R1 = H or C1-20 alkyl; R2 = H, vinyl, C1-5 alkyl) with a silane compound II (R3, R4 = C1-3 alkyl; n = 1-3) at 80-200°. The photosensitive element comprises a support coated with a photosensitive layer made of the composition and optionally laminated with a protective film. The composition shows good adhesion to metallic substrates, resistance to plating, especially Au-plating, and chemical resistance.

IC ICM G03F007-033

ICS G03F007-004; G03F007-027; G03F007-028; G03F007-075; G03F007-085; H05K003-06; H05K003-18; H05K003-28

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 38

IT Photoresists

(photosensitive resin composition containing imidazolesilane compound)

IT 149394-70-7P 149394-71-8P 149394-72-9P 149394-73-0P 149394-77-4P 149394-78-5P 149394-79-6P 149394-80-9P 149394-84-2P 149394-85-4P 149394-85-4P 149394-86-5P 149394-87-6P

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use)/; PNU (Preparation,

unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP

(Preparation); USES (Uses)

(photosensitive resin composition containing imidazolesilane compound)

IT 149394-70-7P 149394-71-8P 149394-72-9P 149394-73-0P 149394-77-4P 149394-78-5P 149394-79-6P 149394-80-9P 149394-84-3P 149394-85-4P 149394-86-5P 149394-87-6P

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PNU (Preparation,

unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP

(Preparation); USES (Uses)

(photosensitive resin composition containing imidazolesilane compound)

RN 149394-70-7 HCAPLUS

RN 149394-71-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol, 2-methyl- $\alpha$ -[[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propoxy]meth yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 149394-72-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol, 2-ethyl- $\alpha$ -[[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propoxy]methy l]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 149394-73-0 HCAPLUS

CN lH-Imidazole-1-ethanol, 2-ethyl-4-methyl- $\alpha$ -[[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propoxy]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Me 
$$\stackrel{N}{\longrightarrow}$$
 Et  $\stackrel{OMe}{\mid}$   $\stackrel{OMe}{\mid}$   $\stackrel{OMe}{\mid}$   $\stackrel{CH_2-CH-CH_2-O-(CH_2)}{\mid}$   $\stackrel{3-Si-OMe}{\mid}$   $\stackrel{OMe}{\mid}$ 

RN 149394-77-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 1-[(2,2-dimethoxy-1,6-dioxa-2-silacyclooct-8-yl)methyl](9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 149394-78-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 1-[(2,2-dimethoxy-1,6-dioxa-2-silacyclooct-8-yl)methyl]-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 149394-79-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 1-[(2,2-dimethoxy-1,6-dioxa-2-silacyclooct-8-yl)methyl]-2-ethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 149394-80-9 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 1-[(2,2-dimethoxy-1,6-dioxa-2-silacyclooct-8-yl)methyl]-2-ethyl-4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 149394-84-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol,  $\alpha$ -[8-(1H-imidazol-1-ylmethyl)-6,6,14,14-tetramethoxy-2,7,10,15-tetraoxa-6,14-disilahexadec-1-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OMe OMe 
$$CH_2-O-(CH_2)_3-Si-OMe$$

$$N-CH_2-CH-CH_2-O-(CH_2)_3-Si-O-CH-CH_2-N N OMe$$
OMe OMe

RN 149394-85-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol, 2-methyl- $\alpha$ -[6,6,14,14-tetramethoxy-8-[(2-methyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl)methyl]-2,7,10,15-tetraoxa-6,14-disilahexadec-1-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 149394-86-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol, 2-ethyl-α-[8-[(2-ethyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl)methyl]-6,6,14,14-tetramethoxy-2,7,10,15-tetraoxa-6,14-disilahexadec-1-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 149394-87-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol, 2-ethyl- $\alpha$ -[8-[(2-ethyl-4-methyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl)methyl]-6,6,14,14-tetramethoxy-2,7,10,15-tetraoxa-6,14-disilahexadec-1-yl]-4-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OMe} \\ \text{CH}_2\text{-O-} \text{(CH}_2)_3\text{-Si-OMe} \\ \text{OH} \\ \text{N-CH}_2\text{-CH-CH}_2\text{-O-} \text{(CH}_2)_3\text{-Si-O-CH-CH}_2\text{-N-N} \\ \text{OMe} \\ \text{Me} \end{array}$$

L45 ANSWER 29 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1997:602802 HCAPLUS

DN 127:270490

TI Positive-working photoresist composition containing imidazole derivative

IN Nakano, Shigeki; Awaji, Akira; Yamada, Shintaro

PA Shipley Far-East Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

I AIV.	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
ΡI	JP 09236923	A2	19970909	JP 1996-44587	19960301	
PRAI	JP 1996-44587		19960301			
ΛC	MADDAT 127.270400				-	

OS MARPAT 127:270490

GI

$$R^1N$$
 $N$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $T$ 

AB The title composition comprises an <u>alkali-soluble novolak resin</u>, a quinonediazide

group-containing compound, and an imidazole derivative I (R1 = vinyl, benzyl, C1-5

alkyl, H; R2 = C1-5 alkyl, H). The composition shows good storage stability and provides resist patterns showing good adhesion to substrates. Thus, a photoresist comprised m-cresol-p-cresol-HCHO novolak resin,

2,3,4,4'-tetrahydroxybenzophenone naphthoquinone-1,2-diazido-5-sulfonate, and 1-vinylimidazole.

IC ICM G03F007-085

ICS G03F007-022; H01L021-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and **Photographic** and Other Reprographic Processes)

IT Positive photoresists

(photoresist composition containing novolak resin, quinonediazide compound, and imidazole deriv)

IT 1072-63-5, 1-Vinylimidazole 13750-62-4,

1-Benzyl-2-methylimidazole

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered

material use); USES (Uses)

(photoresist composition containing novolak resin, quinonediazide compound, and imidazole deriv)

IT 1072-63-5, 1-Vinylimidazole 13750-62-4,

1-Benzyl-2-methylimidazole

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(photoresist composition containing novolak resin, quinonediazide compound, and imidazole deriv)

RN 1072-63-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 1-ethenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 13750-62-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 2-methyl-1-(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L45 ANSWER 30 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1997:501848 HCAPLUS

DN 127:197745

TI Water-soluble photosensitive resin composition and black matrix pattern formation using it

IN Miyazawa, Shozo

PA Tokyo Ohka Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN. CNT 1

FAN.	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
ΡI	JP 09185163	A2	19970715	JP 1995-352633	19951229	
PRAI	JP 1995-352633		19951229			

$$-(-CH2CR-)-CO-N$$

$$-(-CH2CH-)-CONHC (Me) 2CH2COCH=CH-N3$$

$$SO3X$$
II

The composition contains (A) a polymer having repeating units I and II (R = H, Me; X = Na, K, NH4) and (B) a water-soluble polymer having a 1,2-glycol bond AB in its linear chain. The method involves/(1) forming a photocurable pattern using the composition, (2) applying a light-absorbing substance thereon, (3) drying, and (4) peeling the pattern and the substance. The composition is useful for a color disp/ay tube, etc. The pattern shows good adhesion to a glass substrate and eas#-peeling property.

IC ICM G03F007-012

ICS C08F220-58; C08L029-04; C08L03/2-26; G03F007-033; G03F007-038; G03F007-42; H01J009-227

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photockemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 38

IT Optical filters

## Photoresists

(glycol bond-containing water-soluble photosensitive resin composition

for black matrix pattern formation)
55305-94-7DP, Sodium 4-azidobenzaldehyde-2-sulfonate, reaction product IT with morpholine-based copolymer 129219-09-6DP, Acryloylmorpholinediacetoneacrylamide copol/mer, reaction product with azido compound 194231-43-1DP, reaction product with azido compound

RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(glycol bond-containing water-soluble photosensitive resin composition for black

matrix pattern formation)

194231-43-1DP, reaction product with azido compound IT

RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(glycol bond-containing water-soluble photosensitive resin composition for black

matrix pattern formation)

194231-43-1 HCAPLUS RN

CN 2-Propenamide, N-(1,1-dimethyl-3-oxobutyl)-, polymer with 1-ethenyl-1H-imidazole and 4-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)morpholine (9CI) NAME)

CM 1

CRN 5117-12-4 CMF C7 H11 N O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O \\ \parallel \\ C-CH = CH_2 \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 2873-97-4 CMF C9 H15 N O2

CM 3

CRN 1072-63-5 CMF C5 H6 N2

$$N$$
 $CH = CH_2$ 

L45 ANSWER 31 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1997:413135 HCAPLUS

DN 127:42277

TI Positive-working photoresist composition showing high resolution power

IN Aoso, Toshiaki; Fujimori, Toru; Yamanaka, Hitoshi; Uenishi, Kazuya

PA Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 56 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATE	NT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPI	LICATION NO.	DATE	
		<del>-</del>						
PI	JP 09	9106073	A2	19970422	JP :	1995-261635	19951009	
	JP 35	503851	B2	20040308				
PRAI	JP 19	995-261635		19951009				

AB The composition contains (i) a resin containing a basic N and an acid-decomposable

group and (ii) an acid generator sensitive to active/radiation beam. The resin may contain CH2CR1C6H4OH, CH2CR1C6H4OR2, and CH2CR1X or CH2CR1C6H4Y

```
10/679367
                 6/14/05
     [R1 = H, Me; R2 = an acid-decomposable group; X = a basic-N-containing
     heterocycle, CONHR3Z, CO2R3Z (Z = a basic-N-containing group; R3 = alkylene,
     arylene); Y = a basic-N-containing group].
IC
     ICM G03F007-039
     ICS G03F007-00; G03F007-004; G03F007-023; H01L021-027
CC
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
     Other Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38, 76
IT
     Positive photoresists
        (alkaline-developable pos.-working photoresist composition showing
        high resolution power)
IT
     926-02-3DP, tert-Butyl vinyl ether, reaction product with hydrolyzed
     vinylpyridine-acetoxystyrene copolymer
                                              5292-43-3DP, tert-Butyl
     bromoacetate, reaction product with hydrolyzed vinylpyridine-
                                                               190434-70-9P
                                190434-68-5P
                                              190434-69-6P
     acetoxystyrene copolymer
                    190434-73-2P
                                   190434-74-3P
                                                   190434-76-5P
                                                                  290434-77-6DP,
     190434-71-0P
     hydrolyzed, reaction product with tert-Bu bromoacetate
                                                               190434-80-1P
                    190612-95-4P
                                   190677-60-2P
     190612-94-3P
     RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or Angineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) .
        (alkaline-developable pos.-working photoresist composition showing high
resolution
        power)
     66003-76-7, Diphenyliodonium trifluoromethanesulfonate
                                                               66003-78-9,
IT
                                                     1/42096-70-6
     Triphenylsulfonium trifluoromethanesulfonate
                                                                   176109-33-4
     177786-96-8
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES
     (Uses)
        (photoacid generator; alkaline-developable pos.-working
        photoresist composition showing high resolution power)
IT
     190612-94-3P
     RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (alkaline-developable pos.-working/photoresist composition showing high
resolution
        power)
     190612-94-3 HCAPLUS
RN
     Phenol, 4-ethenyl-, polymer with \int_{1}^{1} -[1-(1,1-\text{dimethylethoxy})] -4-
CN
     ethenylbenzene and 1-[(ethenylphenyl)methyl]-1H-imidazole (9CI) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
     CM
          1
         169811-45-4
     CRN
         C14 H20 O2
     CMF
                     = CH<sub>2</sub>
                  CH=
   OBu-t
Me-CH-O
     CM
          2
     CRN
         97427-93-5
     CMF
          C12 H12 N2
     CCI
          IDS
```

Page 65

LEE

 $D1-CH=CH_2$ 

CM 3

CRN 2628-17-3 CMF C8 H8 O

L45 ANSWER 32 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1997:281228 HCAPLUS

DN 126:270385

TI Photosolder resist composition containing in rganic filler treated with silane coupling agents

IN Kubota, Hiroyuki

PA Toyo Ink Mfg Co, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN. CNT 1

PRAI JP 1995-126177 A /19950525

AB The composition contains (A) an active energy ray-curable resin having carboxy group and alc. hydroxy group and (B) an inorg. filler pretreated with a silane coupling agent. The resist composition shows good adhesion to Cu and durability.

IC ICM G03F007-038

ICS G03F007-004; G03F007-027; G03F007-075; H05K003-18; H05K003-28

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 76

ST **photosolder resist** inorg filler pretreatment; solder photoresist inorg filler pretreatment; silane coupling agent solder

10/679367 6/14/05 LEE Page 67 photoresist Solder resists IT Solder resists (photoresists; photosolder resist composition containing inorg. filler treated with silane coupling agents to improve adhesion and durability) IT Coupling agents (silane; photosolder resist composition containing inorg. filler treated with silane coupling agents to improve adhesion and durability) TΤ Photoresists Photoresists (solder; photosolder resist composition containing inorg. filler treated with silane coupling agents to improve adhesion and durability) **149394-70-7**, IS 1000 IT RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (IS 1000; photosolder resist composition containing inorg. filler treated with silane coupling agents to improve adhesion and durability) 919-30-2, γ-Aminopropyltriethoxysilane 2530-83-8, TΤ  $\gamma$ -Glycidoxypropyltrimethoxysilane 2530-85-0,  $\gamma$ -Methacryloxypropyltrimethoxysilane 4420-74-0,  $\gamma$ -Mercaptopropyltrimethoxysilane RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (photosolder resist composition containing inorg. filler treated with silane coupling agents to improve adhesion and durability) 14807-96-6, LMS 200, uses IT 7631-86-9, Aerosil 130, uses RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (photosolder resist composition containing inorg. filler treated with silane coupling agents to improve adhesion and durability) IT149394-70-7, IS 1000 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (IS 1000; photosolder resist composition containing inorg. filler treated with silane coupling agents to improve adhesion and durability) 149394-70-7 HCAPLUS  $RN \cdot$ 1H-Imidazole-1-ethanol,  $\alpha$ -[[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propoxy]methyl]-(CA INDEX NAME)  $CH_2 - CH - CH_2 - O - (CH_2)_3 - Si - OMe$ L45 ANSWER 33 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN AN . 1997:14953 HCAPLUS DN 126:52856

Photosensitive silyl polyimide composition

Shinetsu Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

Kato, Hideto; Toyoda, Satoshi

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

Patent

ΤI

IN PA

SO

DT

	PATENT NO.	ATENT NO. KIND		APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
ΡI	JP 08254831	A2	19961001	JP 1995-83365	19950315	
DDAT	.TD 1005-93365		19950315			

PRAI JP 1995-83365

GI

ΙI

III

The composition contains a polyimide precursor with weight average mol. weight 20,000-100,000 having a repeating unit I (X = tetravalent organic group; Y = divalent organic group; R, R0 = SiR1R2R3; R1-3 = C1-8 monovalent organic group, H), a dihydropyrimidine compound II [R4 = (substituted) hydrocarbon, R5-6 = alkyl; R7-8 = COOR12, COR12, CN/ R12 = alkyl], and hexaarylbiimidazole compound III [R9-11 = (substituted) aryl]. The composition shows high sensitivity and heat resistance and is useful for protective layer of elec. parts.

IC ICM G03F007-075

ICS C08K005-3432; C08K005/-3445; C08L079-08; G03F007-004; G03F007-038

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 37, 76

IT Positive photoresists/

(photosensitive silyl polyimide composition containing dihydropyridine compound and hexaarylbiimidazole compound)

IT 7189-82-4 21829-25-4, Nifedipine

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); OSES (Uses)

(photosensitive silyl polyimide composition containing dihydropyridine compound

and hexaarylbiimidazole compound)

IT 7189-82-4

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(photosensitive silyl polyimide composition containing dihydropyridine compound

and hexaarylbiimidazole compound)

RN 7189-82-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 2-(2-chlorophenyl)-1-[2-(2-chlorophenyl)-4,5-diphenyl-2H-imidazol-2-yl]-4,5-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IC

CC

IT

ICM G03G013-28

155838-99-6P

159319-87-6P

```
ANSWER 34 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
     1994:711863 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     121:311863
ΤI
     Electrophotographic photoreceptor sheet used in lithographic platemaking
     Kato, Eiichi; Tashiro, Hiroshi; Ishii, Kazuo
IN
PA
     Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 65 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
                                             APPLIÇÁTION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                                                     DATE
                         _ _ _ _
                                             - - <u>-</u> -
PI
     JP 06027750
                          A2
                                 19940204
                                             JΡ
                                                1992-201812
                                                                     19920707
PRAI JP 1992-201812
                                19920707
     In the title electrophotog, photoreceptor sheet comprising a conductive
     support, a photoconductive layer incorporating a photoconductor compound and
     a binder resin, and a claimed surface layer, the latter contains a binder
     resin(s) (A) and the photosensitive layer contains a binder resin(s) (B).
     Binder resin (A) contains a polymer component(s) which yields ≥1
     CO2H on reaction, a component(s)/which yields ≥1 selected from
     SO3H, SO2H, and PO3H, and ≥1 components which yield thermo- or
     photohardenable groups on reaction. Binder resin (B) (weight average mol.
weight 1
     x 103-2 x 104) possesses the structural repeating unit CHa1Ca2(CO2Q3)
     [a1, a2 = H, halo, CN, hydrocarbyl; Q3 = hydrocarbyl] ≥30%, and
     polar groups selected from PO3H, SO3H, P(O)(OH)Q1 [Q1 = hydrocarbyl, OQ2
     (Q2 = hydrocarbyl)], and cyclic acid anhydride are present in the polymer
```

chain or at 1 end of the polymer chain. The photoreceptor sheet

74-3 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and

159319-79-6P

159319-92-3P

159319-82-1P

159319-94-5P

159319-84-3P

159319-96-7P

resists background soiling, has superior desensitization characteristics, and gives highly durable lithog. plates.

159319-77-4P

159319-90-1P

ICS G03G005-05; G03G005-06; G03G005-08

Other Reprographic Processes)

159320-01-1P 159320-03-3P 159319-98-9P 159319-99-0P 159320-02-2P 159320-07-7P 159320-08-8P 159320-05-5P 159320-06-6P 159320-12-4P 159320-09-9P 159320-10-2P 159320-11-3P 159320-13-5P 159320-14-6P 159320-18-0P 159320-20-4P 159320-21-5P 159320-22-6P RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(electrophotog. photoreceptor sheet surface layer containing)

159320-08-8P
RL: DEV (Device component use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(electrophotog. photoreceptor sheet surface layer containing)

RN 159320-08-8 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanoic acid, 3-[[[2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl]sulfonyl]oxy]-, phenyl ester, polymer with methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 1-methyl-3-oxooctyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, N-(4-methyl-3-oxo-4-pentenyl)-1H-imidazole-1-carboxamide and oxiranylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

IT

CRN 159320-00-0 CMF C13 H22 O3

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ || & || \\ \text{O-C-C-Me} \\ || & \\ \text{Me-CH-CH}_2\text{-C-(CH}_2)}_4 - \text{Me} \\ || & \\ \text{O} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 157859-85-3 CMF C10 H13 N3 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & &$$

CM 3

CRN 155839-15-9 CMF C18 H24 O7 S

CM 4

CRN 106-91-2 CMF C7 H10 O3

CM 5

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} \text{C-} \text{C-} \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

L45 ANSWER 35 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1994:334841 HCAPLUS

DN 120:334841

TI Electrophotographic photoreceptor for 1/6w-power laser-scanning exposure

IN Kato, Eiichi; Ishii, Kazuo

PA Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 103 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN. CNT 1

SO

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

JP 05150467 A2 1990618 JP 1991-341737 19911202

PRAI JP 1991-341737 19911202

In the title electrophotog. Photoreceptor comprising an inorg.

photoconductor, a spectral sensitizer dye, and a binder resin, the latter consists of a star copolymer resin (A) and a graft copolymer (B). Resin (A) is a star-type copolymer (weight average mol. weight 1x103-2x104)

incorporating

≥3 polymer chains based on polymer component (a) based on CHa1:Ca2(CO2R11) [a1,a2 = H, halo, CN, hydrocarbyl; R11 = hydrocarbyl] and polymer component (b) containing ≥1 polar groups selected from PO3H, SO3H, CO2H, P(O)(OH)R1 (R1 = hydrocarbyl, oxyhydrocarbyl), and cyclic acid anhydride group with (a) content ≥30% and (b) content 1-20%. Resin

(B) is a graft copolymer based on specified monomers and a monofunctional macromonomer(s) (weight average mol. weight  $\leq 2x104$ ) which has specified polymerizable double bonds at 1 end of the polymer chain which is based on ≥ 1 selected from CHd1:Cd2(V2Q1) and CHd1:Cd2Q2 [V2 = CO2, OCO, CH2OCO, CH2CO2, O, SO2, CO, CONHCO2, CONHCONH, CONHSO2, CONT1, C6H4 (T1 = H, hydrocarbyl); d1,d2 = H, halo, CN, hydrocarbyl, CO2Z11, hydrocarbon group-interposed CO2Z11 (Z11 = H, hydrocarbyl); Q1 = C1-18 aliphatic group, C6-12 aromatic group; Q2 = CN, CONH2, C6H4T2 (T2 = H, halo, hydrocarbyl, alkoxy, CO2Z12 where Z12 = alkyl, aryl, aralkyl)]. The photoreceptor has superior electrostatic and moistureresistant characteristics.

ICM G03G005-05 IC

74-3 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and CC Other Reprographic Processes)

IT 28572-98-7P 65697-22-5P 89162-02-7P 126969-78-6P 131004-79-0P 149265-81-6P 152222-87-2P 152222-88-3P 152222-90-7P 152222-91-8P 152222-92-9P 152222-93-0P 152222-94-1P 152222-96-3P 152222-98-5P 152222-99-6P 152244-96-7P 155161-47-0P 155161-48-1P 155161-49-2P 155241-62-6P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of star, dithiocarbamate-initiated, for binder resin blend) 152222-99-6P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of star, dithiocarbamate-initiated, for binder resin blend) 152222-99-6 HCAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-chlorophenyl ester, polymer with CN 1-ethenyl-1H-imidazole and 4-sulfobutyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) INDEX NAME)

CM 1

IT

RN

CRN 50985-35-8 CMF C8 H14 O5 S

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ & || & || \\ \text{HO}_3 \text{S} - \text{(CH}_2)_4 - \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{C} - \text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 18967-23-2 CMF C10 H9 Cl O2

CM 3

CRN 1072-63-5

```
N
CH = CH_2
```

```
L45
     ANSWER 36 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
     1994:311461 HCAPLUS
DN
     120:311461
TI
     Electrophotographic photoreceptor for laser-scanning exposure
IN
     Kato, Eiichi; Ishii, Kazuo
PA
     Fuji Photo Film Co Ltd, Japan
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 53 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                          KIND
                                 DATE
                                              APPLICATION NO.
                                                                      DATE
PΙ
     JP 05165227
                         · A2
                                 19930702
                                                 1991-351258
                                                                      19911213
     JP 3126195
                           B2
                                 20010122
PRAI JP 1991-351258
                                 19911213
     In the title electrophotog. photoreceptor comprising an inorg.
     photoconductor, a spectral sensitizer dye, and a binder resin, the latter
     contains ≥1 star copolymers incorporating ≥3 polymer chains
     based on polymer component (a) CHa1:Ca2(CO2R3) [a1,a2 = H, halo, CN, hydrocarbyl; R3 = hydrocarbyl] and polymer component (b) containing ≥1
     polar groups selected from PO3H2, SO3H, CO2H, P(O)(OH)R1 (R1 =
     hydrocarbyl, oxyhydrocarbyl), and cyclic acid anhydride group, with
     component (a) \geq 30% and component (b) 0.01-20%. The
     photoreceptor shows good elegtrostatic and moisture-
     resistant characteristics.
IC
     ICM G03G005-05
     74-3 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
CC
     Other Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 35
                   27155-22/2P, Acrylic acidmethyl acrylatemethyl methacrylate
IT
     25133-97-5P
                28572-98-7P 34134-09-3P 65697-22-5P 89162-02-7P
     copolymer
     126969-71-9P
                    12696/9-78-6P
                                    131004-79-0P
                                                    146056-80-6P
                                                                    149265-81-6P
                    152222-88-3P
                                    152222-90-7P
                                                    152222-91-8P
                                                                    152222-92-9P
     152222-87-2P
     152222-93-0P
                    152222-94-1P
                                    152222-96-3P
                                                    152222-98-5P
                    152244-96-7P
                                    152792-18-2P
                                                    152792-19-3P
     152222-99-6P
                    152792-21-7P
     152792-20-6P
                                    152792-24-0P 152792-25-1P
                    155161-47-0P
                                    155161-48-1P
                                                    155161-49-2P
                                                                    155161-63-0P
     152792-27-3P
                    155161-65-2P
                                    155161-66-3P
                                                    155161-67-4P
                                                                    155161-68-5P
     155161-64-1P
     155161-70-9P
                    155161-71-0P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of star, dithiocarbamate-initiated, binder resin from)
IT
     152222-99-6P 152792-25-1P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of star, dithiocarbamate-initiated, binder resin from)
RN
     152222-99-6 HCAPLUS
     2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-chlorophenyl ester, polymer with
CN
     1-ethenyl-1H-imidazole and 4-sulfobutyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI)
```

LEE 10/679367 6/14/05 Page 74

INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 50985-35-8 CMF C8 H14 O5 S

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{O} & \text{CH}_2 \\ & || & || \\ \text{HO}_3\text{S}- & (\text{CH}_2)_4-\text{O}-\text{C}-\text{C}-\text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 18967-23-2 CMF C10 H9 Cl O2

CM 3

CRN 1072-63-5 CMF C5 H6 N2

RN 152792-25-1 HCAPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, ethyl ester, polymer with
1-ethenyl-1H-imidazole and 4-sulfobutyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CF
INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 50985-35-8 CMF C8 H14 O5 S

CM 2

CRN 1072-63-5 CMF C5 H6 N2

CM 3

CRN 97-63-2 CMF C6 H10 O2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{H}_2\text{C} & \text{O} \\ & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-C-C-OEt} \end{array}$$

```
L45 ANSWER 37 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
     1993:125868 HCAPLUS
AN
DN
     118:125868
    Photopolymerizable 2-alkyl-1-(2-methacryloyloxyethyl)imidaxoles as
TΤ
     crosslinking catalysts for epoxy resins
     Yoshioka, Takashi; Murai, Takayuki
IN
PA
    Shikoku Chemicals Corp., Japan
SO
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp.
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
LA
    Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
                                DATE
                         ----
                                _____
PΙ
                                            JP 1991-102083
                                                                    19910405
    JP 04308578
                          A2
                                19921030
PRAI JP 1991-102083
                                19910405
    The title imidazoles are useful for curing epoxy resins, giving
    photocurable products for use as resists. Reacting .
    methacryloyl chloride with 1-(2/hydroxyethyl)-2-undecylimidazole in THF
    containing Et3N and phenothiazine gave 1-(2-methacryloyloxyethyl)-2-
    undecylimidazole.
IC
    ICM C07D233-60
    ICS C08G059-40
CC
    37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
    Section cross-reference(s): 35, 74
ST
    methacryloyloxyethylimidazole curing epoxy photoresist; resist
    photo methacryloyloxyethylimidazole epoxy; imidazole
    methacryloyloxyethyl curing epoxy photoresist; crosslinking
    methacryloyloxyethylimidazole epoxy photoresist; photocuring
    methacryloyloxyethylimidazole epoxy resin
IT
    Resists
```

(photo-, (methacryloyloxyethyl)imidazole-cured epoxy resins

LEE 10/679367 6/14/05 Page 76

for)

IT 34375-24-1P 62037-81-4P 146490-90-6P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, as epoxy resin hardener and photoresist)

IT 34375-24-1P 62037-81-4P 146490-90-6P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, as epoxy resin hardener and photoresist)

RN 34375-24-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-(2-methyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl)ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 62037-81-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 146490-90-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-(2-undecyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl)ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{CH}_2 \\ & || & || \\ \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{C} - \text{C} - \text{Me} \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ &$$

L45 ANSWER 38 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1991:52858 HCAPLUS

DN 114:52858

TI Prevention of light discoloration for organic colorant by using phenyl multiazolyl derivative

IN Sugita, Shuichi; Mizukura, Noboru; Kaneko, Yutaka

PA Konica Co., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

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FAN.CNT 1
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GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

- AB An organic colorant containing ≥1 Ph multiazolyl derivs. I (R1 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, aryl, heterocycle, acyl, sulfonyl, phosphonyl, carbamoyl, sulfamoyl, oxycarbonyl; R2 = substituent; X = O, S, NR3; R3 is similar to R1; n = 0-4; R2 may be different at n ≥2; adjoining R1X and R2 may form 5-7-membered ring; A = nonmetal atomic group forming imidazolyl, pyrrolyl, pyrazolyl, triazolyl, tetrazolyl) is under prevention of discoloration. Thus, 1-(4'-hydroxyphenyl)imidazole was treated with dodecyl bromide in the presence of NaOMe to give a imidazole derivative II. A color Ag halide photog. emulsion containing II showed light resistance.
- IC ICM G03C007-26 ICS C09D011-00; C09D011-02; C09K003-00; G03C007-392
- ICA C07D207-325; C07D233-60; C07D233-61; C07D249-06; C07D249-08; C07D257-04; C07D405-00
- CC 74-2 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
  Section cross-reference(s): 28, 41
- ST discoloration prevention agent heterocycle photog; phenyl imidazole discoloration prevention photog; color silver halide emulsion discoloration; light resistance color photog emulsion
- IT 131625-76-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and use of, as discoloration prevention agent for organic colorant

in silver halide photog. emulsion)

IT 131625-76-8P

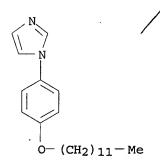
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and use of, as discoloration prevention agent for organic colorant

in silver halide photog. emulsion)

RN 131625-76-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole, 1-[4-(dodecyloxy)phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L45 ANSWER 39 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1990:66778 HCAPLUS

DN 112:66778

TI Photosensitive epoxy resin compositions for solder resist of printed circuit board

IN Watabe, Makio; Tanaka, Isamu; Kikuchi, Hiroshi; Oka, Hitoshi

PA Hitachi, Ltd., Japan

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LEE
     10/679367
                  6/14/05
                             Page 78
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                          KIND
                                  DATE
                                               APPLICATION NO.
                                                _____
                           ----
                                   19890809
                                               JP 1988-21942
                                                                         19880203
     JP 01197520
                           A2
     JP 07021046
                           B4
                                   19950308
PRAI JP 1988-21942
                                   19880203
     Title composition comprises diallyl phthalate prepolymer, a multifunctionalized
     unsatd. compound, a radical photopolymn. initiator, an epoxy resin, a
     cationic photopolymn. initiator, and a hardener. The composition shows peeling
     resistance in impregnation with an alkaline coating bath. Thus, a composition comprising Daiso Dap, timethylolpropane trimethacrylate, Epikote 142,
     2-methyl-1-[4-(methylthio)phenyl]-2-morpholino-1-propanone, Et cellosolve,
     phthalocyanine green, a silicone oil, dicayndiamide, 2,4-diamino-6-[2'-
     methylimidazole-(1')]ethyl-s-triazine, and bis[4-/
     (diphenylsulfonio)phenyl]sulfide bishexafluorophosphate was screen-printed
     onto a circuit board, dried, neg. patterned by UV irradiation, spray developed by CCl3CH3, and heated to give a solder resist-coated printed circuit,
     which was impregnated with an alkaline Cu coating bath to show no peelings.
IC
     ICM C08G059-40
     ICS C08F299-04; C08L063-00
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
CC
     Other Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 76
     Polymerization catalysts
IT
         (cationic photopolymn. initiator, for epoxy resin solder
        photoresist, for printed circuit board, with resistance
        against alkaline coating bath)
     Resists
         (photo-, allyl phthalate and epoxy resin and unsatd. compound
        for, with resistance against alkaline coating bath)
IT
     74227-35-3
     RL: USES (Uses)
         (cationic photopol/mn. initiator, for epoxy resin solder
        photoresist, for printed circuit board, with resistance
against alkaline coating bath)
     38668-46-1 50729-78-7
IT
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
         (crosslinking agents, for solder photoresist, for printed
        circuit board)
     6652-28-4, Benzoin isopropyl ether 71868-10-5, 2-Methyl-1-[4-
IT
     (methylthio) phenyl] -2-morpholino-1-propanone
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (radical photopolymn. initiator, for solder
        photoresist, for printed circuit board)
IT
     38668-46-1 50729-78-7
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (crosslinking agents, for solder photoresist, for printed
        circuit board)
RN
     38668-46-1 HCAPLUS
CN
     1,3,5-Triazine-2,4-diamine, 6-[2-(2-methyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl)ethyl]- (9CI)
     (CA INDEX NAME)
```

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Me} \\ & \text{N} \\ & \text{N} \\ & \text{N} \\ & \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{N} \\ & \text{N} \end{array}$$

RN 50729-78-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4-diamine, 6-[2-(2-ethyl-4-methyl-1H-imidazol-1-yl)ethyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{H}_2\text{N} & \text{N} & \text{CH}_2\text{--}\text{CH}_2\text{---}\text{N} & \text{N} \\ & & \text{N} & \text{N} & \\ & & \text{NH}_2 & \\ \end{array}$$

L45 ANSWER 40 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1989:574861 HCAPLUS

DN 111:174861

TI Preparation and use of polymers with organometallic side chains

IN Steinmann, Alfred

PA Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 18 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA German

FAN CNT 1

FAN.CNT 1						
	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO./	DATE		
ΡI	EP 307353	A2 19890315	EP 1988-81057/9	19880823		
	EP 307353	A3 19900912				
	R: AT, CH, DE,	FR, GB, IT, LI, NL	, SE			
	US 4965316	A 19901023 ·	US 1988-23 <b>/</b> 1472	19880829		
	CA 1317060	A1 19930427	CA 1988-5/16431	19880902		
	JP 01103611	A2 19890420	JP 1988-223357	19880906		
	US 5024916	A 19910618	US 1999-587293	19900924		
PRAI	CH 1987-3426	A 19870907				
	US 1988-237472	A3 19880829				

AB Photosensitive polymers, useful in the preparation of pos. images, bear side chains of the structure R6R5R4MC(R3)(CHR1R2)OCOZ- [R1-6 = alkyl, alkoxy, Ph, PhCH2, PhO, -(MR72)bR7 (R7 = alkyl, alkoxy, Ph, PhCH2, PhO; b = 1-6) or R1-3 can be H; M = Si, Ge, Sn, CH2Si, OSi; Z = O, S, iminol. Esterification of Me3SiC(Me)2OH with 4-ClCO2C6H4CHO and reaction of the resulting Me3SiC(Me)2OCO2C6H4CHO-p with MePh3P+Br- and tert-BuOK gave Me3SiC(Me)2OCO2C6H4CH:CH2-p (I). AIBN-initiated polymerization of I in PhMe at 70° gave 60% polymer with number-average mol. weight 42,000, a 10% cyclohexanone solution of which was mixed with p-PhOC6H4S+Ph2 AsF6-, spin-coated on a Si wafer, dried, illuminated through a mask at 254 nm and 1-2 mJ/cm2, developed, and subjected to reactive-ion etching in an O plasma, enabling the formation of submicron structures.

LEE 10/679367 6/14/05 Page 80 ICS C08F008-42; G03F007-10 ICA C07F007-00 35-4 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers) Section cross-reference(s): 29, 74 (photo-, silane derivative polymers, manufacture of) 123341-03-7P 123341-04-8P 123340-99-8P 123341-01-5P 123369-08-4P 123369-09-5P RL: PREP (Preparation) (preparation of) IT 123369-09-5P RL: PREP (Preparation) (preparation of) RN123369-09-5 HCAPLUS 1H-Imidazole-1-carboxylic acid, 1-methyl-1-(trimethylsilyl)ethyl ester CN(CA INDEX NAME) SiMe<sub>3</sub> Me ANSWER 41 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN 1989:564044 HCAPLUS AΝ DN 111:164044 TI Application of vinylimidazole copolymer to deep UV Yoshida, Yasuhiro; Fujioka, Hirofumi; Nakajima, Hiroyoki ΑU Mfq. Dev. Lab., Mitsubishi Electr. Corp., Amagasaki, 661, Japan SO Journal of Photopolymer Science and Technology (1989), 2(1), 139-41 CODEN: JSTEEW; ISSN: 0914-9244 DTJournal LA English The polymers prepared by radical copolymn. of 1-vinylimidazole (I) and styrene, or 4-vinylimidazole (II) and styrene were evaluated as a resist AB for KrF excimer laser lithog. Bisazide compds. were used as photosensitizers. By copolymn. of styrene with I or II, the copolymers became hydrophobic, but they were soluble in aqueous acid solution With the increase of acidity of developer (aqueous acid solution) the copolymer dissoln. rate increased. As styrene unit increased in copolymers, the absorption at 248 nm increased correspondingly. However, they did not go over 35% per 1  $\mu m$ . The copolymer of II and styrene had good reactive ion etching resistance against both O2 and CF4 etching gases. Their values were comparable to conventional novolak based photoresists. The resistance was improved by incorporation of the bisazide compound into the copolymers. The sensitivity curves with KrF excimer laser irradiation in the copolymers with photosensitizers indicated the high sensitivity (<200 mJ) and high contrast. No thickness loss was observed in the region >200 mJ. CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes) IT Resists (photo-, deep-uv, copolymers of vinylimidazole with styrene as) 60755-40-0P, Styrene-1-vinylimidazole copolymer

LEE 10/679367 6/14/05 Page 81

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(photoresist for deep-UV lithog., preparation and

properties of)

60755-40-0P, Styrene-1-vinylimidazole copolymer IT

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(photoresist for deep-UV lithog., preparation and properties of)

60755-40-0 HCAPLUS RN

1H-Imidazole, 1-ethenyl-, polymer with ethenylbenzene (9CI) (CA INDEX CN

CM 1

CRN 1072-63-5 CMF C5 H6 N2

 $CH = CH_2$ 

2 CM

CRN 100-42-5 CMF C8 H8

 $H_2C = CH - Ph$ 

ANSWER 42 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN Ľ45

1989:85613 HCAPLUS AN

DN110:85613

Thermal recording material using chromeno compound for improved, TIresistance to IR radiation

Kanda, Nobuo; Abe, Yukihiro; Kondo, Mitsuru Kanzaki Paper Mfg. Co., Ltd., Japan IN

PA

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 30 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

English LA

FAN.CNT 1							
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE			
	<b>-</b> -						
PI EP 273418	A2	19880706	EP 1987-119234	19871224			
EP 273418	A3	19900418					
EP 273418	B1	19931124					
R: DE, FR, GB							
JP 63166588	A2	19880709	JP 1986-314744	19861227			
US 4803193	A	19890207	US 1987-137368	19871223			
PRAI JP 1986-314744	Α	19861227					
OS CASREACT 110:85613							

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AΒ A thermal recording material contains a colorless dye I [Z = N-containing 5-membered ring which may have an attached benzene ring and substituents; R1-R4 = H, C1-12 alkyl, C3-C12 alkenyl or alkynyl, C5-12 cycloalkyl, Ph, Ph-C1-2 alkyl, naphthyl; R1-R4 may form a part of a heterocycle] and a dye developer. The developer may be selected from polyvalent metal salts of aromatic carboxylic acids. The above composition may also contain an aromatic diamine compound The composition forms images readable by optical character-reading devices. Thus, 3,6-bis diethylamino) fluorenone was reacted with 2-(2-hydroxyphenyl) indole to obtain 3,6-bis (diethylamino) spiro[fluorene-9,6'-6'-H-chromeno(4,3-b) indole] (II). Three different dispersions of II, 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol, and stearic acid amide in aqueous Me cellulose were mixed and used to form thermal recording papers. The papers produced images which were stable against heat, IR radiation, and humidity and had high d.

IC ICM B41M005-26

CC 74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and **Photographic** and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 41

IT 118234-22-3P 118234-23-4P /118234-24-5P 118234-25-6P 118234-26-7P 118234-27-8P 118234-28-9P 118234-29-0P 118234-30-3P 118234-31-4P 118234-32-5P 118234-33-6P 118234-34-7P 118234-35-8P 118234-36-9P 118234-48-3P/**118234-57-4P** 118234-58-5P 118234-59-6P 118234-60-9P 118234-61-0P 118234-62-1P 118234-63-2P 118234-65-4P 118234-64-3P 118234-66-5P 118234-67-6P 118234-68-7P 118234-69-8P 118234-70/1P 118234-73-4P 118234-71-2P 118234-72-3P 118234-74-5P 118234-75-6P 118234-76-7P 118234-77-8P 118234-78-9P 118234/79-0P 118234-80-3P 118234-81-4P 118234-82-5P 118234-83-6P 11823/4-84-7P 118234-85-8P 118234-86-9P 118251-70-0P 118251-72-2P 1182/51-73-3P 118251-74-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and use of, in thermal recording material)

IT 118234-35-8P 118234-36-9P 118234-57-4P

118234-77-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and use of, in thermal recording material)

RN 118234-35-8 HCAPLUS

CN Spiro[6H-[1]benzopyrano[4',3':4,5]imidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-6,9'[9H]fluorene]-3',6'-diamine, N,N,N',N'-tetraethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 118234-36-9 HCAPLUS

CN Spiro[6H-[1]benzopyrano[4',3':4,5]imidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-6,9'[9H]fluorene], 3',6'-di-4-morpholinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 118234-57-4 HCAPLUS

CN Spiro[6H-[1]benzopyrano[4',3':4,5]imidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-6,9'[9H]fluorene]-3',6'-diamine, N,N',2-trimethyl-N,N'-bis(3-methylbutyl)(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Me} \\ \text{N-} \text{CH}_2\text{--} \text{CH}_2\text{--} \text{CHMe}_2 \\ \\ \text{Me} \\ \\ \text{N-} \text{CH}_2\text{--} \text{CH}_2\text{--} \text{CHme}_2 \\ \\ \\ \text{N} \\ \\ \text{Me} \\ \end{array}$$

RN 118234-77-8 HCAPLUS

CN Spiro[6H-[1]benzopyrano[4',3':4,5]imidazo[1,2-a]pyridine-6,9'[9H]fluorene]-3',6'-diamine, N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L45 ANSWER 43 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
     1987:638210 HCAPLUS
DN
     107:238210
ΤI
     Adhesive and potting compositions for optoelectronic components
IN
     Jisova, Vaclava
PA
     Czech.
SO
     Czech., 5 pp.
     CODEN: CZXXA9
DT
     Patent
LA
     Czech
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                                                    DATE
                         ____
PΙ
     CS 233940
                          В1
                                19850314
                                            CS 1983-7070
                                                                    19830928
PRAI CS 1983-7070
                                19830928
     Rapid-hardening, IR-transparent, chemical-resistant,
     water-resistant, mech. strong, heat-resistant adhesives and
     potting compns. for optoelectronic elements comprise epoxy resins (epoxy
     equivalent 180-350) 100, N-butylimidazo (1) 2-15, and dye ≤5 parts.
     Thus, a composition containing 100 parts epoxy resin (epoxy equivalent 200)
and 4 parts
     I exhibited long workability and hardened at 120°.
IC
     ICM C09J003-16
     ICS C08L063-00; C08K005-34
     38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Mses)
     Section cross-reference(s): 74/, 76
IT
     4316-42-1, N-Butylimidazole
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (crosslinking agents, for epoxy resin adhesives and potting compns. for
        optoelectronic elements)
IT
     4316-42-1, N-Butylimidazole
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
        (crosslinking agents, for epoxy resin adhesives and potting compns. for
        optoelectronic elements)
RN
     4316-42-1 HCAPLUS/
CN
     1H-Imidazole, 1-butyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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ANSWER 44 OF 44 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
     1987:165977 HCAPLUS
     106:165977
DN
     Thermally depolymerizable polycarbonates. V. Acid catalyzed the molysis
TI
     of allylic and benzylic polycarbonates: a new route to resist imaging Frechet, Jean M. J.; Bouchard, Francine; Eichler, Eva; Houlihan, Francis
ΑU
     M.; Iizawa, Takashi; Kryczka, Boguslaw; Willson, C. Grant
     Dep. Chem., Univ. Ottawa, Ottawa, ON, K1N 9B4, Can.
CS
     Polymer Journal (Tokyo, Japan) (1987), 19(1), 31-49
SO
     CODEN: POLJB8; ISSN: 0032-3896
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
AB
     Polymers containing allylic and benzylic carbonate/repeating units were
prepared
     by phase-transfer catalyzed polycondensation of activated bis-carbonates
     or carbamates and diols. The polymers were highly susceptible to thermal
     depolymn. and revert to small mols. when heared to temps. which vary from
     140 to 230° depending on structure. The thermolysis temps. were
     reduced to well below >100° if catalytic amts. of acid are added to
     the polycarbonates. The thermolysis or acidolysis of bis(allylic) or
     benzylic carbonates provided a convenient route to aromatic compds. as
     demonstrated with both models and polymers. The polycarbonates can be
     used to formulate highly sensitive resist materials with potential for
     self-development of pos. images. Some benzylic polycarbonates which produce polymerizable divinyl monomers upon thermolysis can be used to
     create neg. images in a process/which includes both depolymn. and
     photocrosslinking.
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and
CC
     Other Reprographic Processes
IT
     Resists
        (photo-, allylic and benzylic polycarbonates as, thermally
        depolymerizable)
IT
     99214-26-3P
                    107673-57-4P 107845-95-4P
                                                  107845-96-5P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of, resists from)
IT
     102265-61-2P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of, synthesis of polycarbonate resists in relation to)
IT
     99214-26-3P 107845-95-4P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of, resists from)
RN
     99214-26-3 HCAPLUS
     1H-Imidazole-1-carboxylic acid, 1,1,4,4-tetramethyl-1,4-butanediyl ester,
CN
     polymer with \alpha, \alpha'-dimethyl-1,4-benzenedimethanol (9CI) (CA
     INDEX NAME)
     CM
     CRN 98716-64-4
```

CMF C16 H22 N4 O4

CM 2

CRN 6781-43-7 CMF C10 H14 O2

RN 107845-95-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole-1-carboxylic acid, 1,4-phenylenebis(methylene) ester, polymer with 2-cyclohexene-1,4-diol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM . 1

CRN 107845-94-3 CMF C16 H14 N4 O4

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
0 & & \\
N & C - O - CH_2 & & \\
\end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 45620-68-6 CMF C6 H10 O2

IT 102265-61-2P

RL: PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of, synthesis of polycarbonate resists in relation to)

KATHLEEN FULLER EIC 1700 REMSON 4B28 571/272-2505

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RN 102265-61-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole-1-carboxylic acid, 1,4-phenylenediethylidene ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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